WEEKLY EDITION
$1.00 per Annum, in Advance.

# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

DAILY EDITION
$4.00 per Annum, in Advance.
2.00 for 6 Months, " "
1.00 for 3 " " "
40c. for 1 " " "

OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,974 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1899. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVI—NO. 934

*From Factory to Fireside.*

**$1.75**

Buys this White Enameled Steel Bed in either 54, 48, 42 or 36 in. widths. Length 75 inches. It has one inch pillars and ⅜ in. filler. Guaranteed the strongest bed made.

Our great 160-page catalogue tells of thousands of bargains in Furniture, Clothing, Bedding, Crockery, Silverware, Sewing Machines, Clocks, Upholstery Goods, Baby Carriages, Refrigerators, Pictures, Mirrors, Tin Ware, Stoves, etc., and in buying from us, you save from 40 to 60 per cent. on everything—don't forget this.

We publish a lithographed catalogue of Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, Portiers and Lace Curtains which shows exact designs in hand-painted colors—selections can be made as satisfactorily as though you were here at the mill.

Here's the celebrated Hines Sewing Machine—none better made. Guaranteed for 20 years. Catalogue tells you all about it. Price (3 Drawer Style),

**$13.25**

Why have we customers in every part of the United States, in Canada, Mexico, Bermuda, Cuba, Porto Rico, and even as far as Australia and South Africa? Send for our Free Catalogues. They will tell you. Address this way

*We make all styles of Machines.*

**Julius Hines & Son,**
BALTIMORE, MD. Dept. 909.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Grey Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

## Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and damp. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease It warms the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for Chilblains and Frost bites. Try it *today* Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

## Shake into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest com ort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for Chilblains, sweating, callous, tired, aching feet. Try it *today*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25cts. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, ALWAYS RELIABLE. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

STEADY INCOME AT HOME. You can make $25 per Week. Either Sex. I'll Start you in the Mail Order Business day or evening. No Peddling. M. Young, 368 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Announcement.

We have purchased Mr. H. A. Rankin's entire stock of

**Sash,**
**Doors,**
**Transoms,**
**Side-Lights,**
**&c.**

In this lot are some sizes we do not usually carry in stock and which we will sell at

**VERY LOW PRICES.**

We would suggest to those who contemplate building or repairing that they call on us and select what they need before making window and door frames, as they can save money by making frames to suit these sizes.

To the ladies who wish to put up

**China Closets**

we would state that we have a few sets of Doors and Sash Doors at a low price, and if they wish a pit or hot bed we can furnish some odd size sash glazed to the extent of our stock of scrap glass at very low prices.

In addition to the above we have a car load of Sash and Doors, standard sizes, we are looking for daily, and when received we will be prepared to furnish anything in this line.

We offer for the next two weeks

**ten per cent. reduction in**

**HEATING STOVES,**

as we must make room for Spring stock of Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
Jsnuary 11-d3twtf

McELREE'S
## Wine of Cardui

has demonstrated ten thousand times that it is almost infallible

**FOR WOMAN'S PECULIAR WEAKNESSES,**

Irregularities and derangements. It has become the leading remedy for this class of troubles. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence upon the menstrual organs. It cures "whites" and failing of the womb. It stops flooding and relieves suppressed and painful menstruation. For Change of Life it is the best medicine made. It is beneficial during pregnancy, and helps to bring children into homes barren for years. It invigorates, stimulates, strengthens the whole system. This great remedy is offered to all afflicted women. Why will any woman suffer another minute with certain relief within reach? Wine of Cardui only costs $1.00 per bottle at your drug store.

*For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.*

Rev. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., says: "My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."

### TO FIGHT THE DISPENSARY.

**A Remarkable Meeting of Leading Citizens.**

It is many a day since Fayetteville has witnessed the assembling of such a body of her leading citizens as that which gathered yesterday afternoon for the purpose of taking steps to fight the Dispensary. It comprised not only the most of the prominent business men of the city, but there were those present who only go to public meetings when the gravest of crises confront the people. It reminded one of the splendid meeting of 1897, which gathered for the purpose of fighting the other of Mr. Sutton's twin monsters, the infamous negro police bill. They defeated the one only to find the other fastened upon them as a punishment.

In each case it was an act of legislation which struck at the very root of Republican and Democratic government, because it imposed upon the community a law affecting its vital interests without their consent. Nay, more, it was done in spite of their protests. Never has representative government received a worse blow, and it is past comprehension how men who retain their senses can lend their aid to such proceedings. We are sure they have acted thoughtlessly.

The circumstances render necessary some personal details in explanation of the situation.

At the first intimation—namely on Tuesday, the 16th instant—that an effort would be made to prevent the Democratic Legislature from observing the local campaign pledge to submit the Dispensary question to a popular vote, the editor of the OBSERVER went to Raleigh to oppose such a wrong. With the possible exception of Sheriff Burns, he was the only disinterested citizen who appeared before the Legislative committee on Wednesday afternoon and night against the large array which the advocates of "no popular vote" had assembled. He did not, however, appear in his capacity as a citizen chiefly, but as a member of the State Democratic Committee. As such he felt it his duty to make known to a Democratic legislature the danger to the party's interests which would be incurred if the desires of the advocates of "no popular vote" should prevail. The next day his interview with the Raleigh News and Observer was had, and the result appeared in that paper's Friday's issue. It was intended that this interview should be reproduced in the OBSERVER on the same afternoon (Friday, the 20th), but matters connected with the affair in hand detained the author of it in Raleigh until Saturday. Monday of the present week, therefore, was the earliest day on which it could reach the body of our citizens through the columns of the OBSERVER. The effect was like magic. It was plain that the people were entirely ignorant of the situation. As soon as they were informed, they flew to arms, so to speak, and in less than forty-eight hours the splendid meeting of yesterday had been held.

If the interview referred to had appeared in Friday's issue instead of Monday's it is almost certain that Representative Robinson would have received such backing for his bill during his visit at home on Saturday and Sunday that he would have felt justified in advising his acquiring colleagues to vote for his bill. As it was, we believe it is true that the "no popular vote" advocates were bringing all their batteries to bear upon him, during his stay, to induce him to weaken in his Democratic attitude, while not one representative and disinterested Democrat called to hold his hands up. We must remember these things in judging of the very extraordinary occurrences in the House of Representatives on Tuesday, as reproduced by us yesterday.

We feel that this much in explanation of the singular course of events is due to all concerned.

It was under such circumstances that the meeting of yesterday occurred. Dr. W. C. McDuffie was called to the chair. The following resolutions drawn by Col. C. W. Broadfoot were, after amendment, adopted unanimously:

We, the undersigned white citizens and Democratic voters of Cumberland County, insist

That the Dispensary put upon this County without our consent by Republicans and Populists be abolished.

That the pledges of our Representatives in the present Legislature be redeemed, viz: That the people of the County shall have the opportunity to say at the ballot box whether they will have a Dispensary or not.

That anything short of submitting the question to the people will be considered an act of bad faith, for which the Democratic party will be held responsible; that it will break up the harmony heretofore and now existing in the Democratic ranks, secured by the pledges above named, and will insure our defeat at the next election and destroy all our hopes for local good government.

We respectfully insist that the Democratic voters of this County shall be heard on this subject.

Upon motion, the chairman appointed Messrs. H. W. Lilly, Walter L. Holt, C. W. Broadfoot and E. J. Hale, a committee to act in conjunction with Democratic Chairman Huske in carrying out his views as expressed in his letter to Mr. Robinson of the 19th inst., in which he took the ground that the present law was a Sutton and Wemyss measure and that it was "a matter of vital importance to Democracy" that the people be allowed to vote on the question of its retention.

Among those present were Dr. W. C. McDuffie, Major J. C. Vann, Col. J. B. Starr, Col. Chas. Haigh, Col. C. W. Broadfoot, and Messrs. W. N. Tilling hast, G. M. Rose, E. J. Hale, W. L. Holt, W. G. Clark, F. W. Thornton, Herbert Lutterloh, Ran. McMillan, A. B. Williams, W. A. Vanstory, D. A. McMillan, (Dr.) H. W. Lilly, J. R. Williams, (Sheriff) Geo. A. Burns, I. W. Clark, Walter F. Leak, J. B. Underwood, Jr., M. McI. Matthews, Ransom Burns, J. T. McKay, W. J. McDonald, Jas. F. Johnson, James A. Burns, J. L. Vandeveer, H. C. Bash, John W. Maultsby and many others. We are requested to say that Col. J. A. Pemberton, Capt. D. H. Ray and Mr. Walter Watson and others were unavoidably absent.

### NOTES ON THE SITUATION.

The intelligent reader upon reviewing the circumstances leading up to the fiasco of Tuesday will be able to understand, what otherwise would be altogether incomprehensible, the cause of the utter indifference which the people exhibited on Monday and their excitement on Wednesday. They simply didn't know what was going on. The Dispensary people (we mean no disrespect) had stolen a march on them. Their success in this initial Cumberland skirmish was of vital consequence to them in rallying their forces in the rest of the State.

The weakness of the Anti Dispensary cause lay in the disinclination of many substantial people to appear to be arrayed on the side of the drink traffic As soon as the OBSERVER pointed out to them that, so far as Cumberland was concerned, it was really a fight between Democratic free trade and negro Fusion monopoly, and that, far beyond any question of this sort, it involved the very foundations of free government, the revolution began.

It is confidently believed that enlightenment will produce a like effect at Raleigh, and that Tuesday's action at the capitol will be reversed.

In considering all such questions it is necessary to approach them in the right way. The best of men are misled by seeing the wrong side first. The advocates of the present monopoly have made it appear that those who oppose it and who call for a popular vote on the question of retention or repeal, favor an appeal to the negro vote and consequently invite a division of the white vote. Just the reverse is true. The present law was forced upon the community by the solid negro vote acting through the Fusion representatives of Cumberland in the Fusion legislature of 1897, Messrs. Sutton and Wemyss. The universal understanding among Democrats was that if the party should recover power, this Sutton-Wemyss Dispensary monopoly should be abolished unconditionally, leaving the field open for any affirmative legislation in the direction of a Dispensary which its advocates might bring forward. We venture the assertion that no Democrat dreamed of anything else. When, however, the campaign of 1898 develop ed and it was found necessary to throw overboard from the Democratic ship every bit of ballast in order to save the cargo of white supremacy, Chairman Huske and several of the Democratic county candidates agreed to abate so much of the Democratic right as entitled them to unconditional repeal, and to concede to the Dispensary section of the whites the important advantage of possession.

That is to say, Chairman Huske and his associates agreed to let the question of *repeal* be decided by popular vote. Now the Dispensary section of the whites come forward and impute to those who are preparing to redeem this pledge (made to themselves under the circumstances described) the blame for disturbing and dividing the whites by an appeal to the ballot! It is certainly a most extraordinary procedure and one which it is difficult to describe. We can only believe that the excellent gentlemen who have lent their countenance to it have done so under a misapprehension of the circumstances. They have gotten hold of the wrong end of the question.

No man may take advantage of his own wrong. The present monopoly was installed by an outrageous violation of the principles of free government. Nothing but the stress of the late campaign induced the Democratic party managers to concede so much of recognition to the Sutton law as the agreement above mentioned embodied. Their opponents now, while retaining all the advantage of possession's nine points of the law, actually rebuke the Democratic managers for standing by the agreement which they themselves forced upon them as a condition of their support in the late vital campaign!

### New Name for the C. F. & Y. V.

Kinston Free Press.

The purchasers of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will change its name to Atlantic and Yadkin Railway Co., which will, however, be only temporary, to establish the legality of the bonds, and as soon as the purchasers get possession of the railroad it will be consolidated with the Wilmington and Weldon railroad. For convenience sake the road will probably be designated as the Fayetteville branch of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad.

### That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

### The Foreign Corporations Bill.

"An Act to Provide a Manner in Which Foreign Corporations May Become Domestic Corporations.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That every telegraph, telephone, express, insurance, steamboat and railroad company incorporated, created and organized under and by virtue of the laws of any State or government other than that of North Carolina, desiring to own property or to carry on business or to exercise any corporate franchise whatsoever in this State, shall become a domestic corporation of the State of North Carolina by filing in the office of the Secretary of State a copy of its charter, duly authenticated in the manner directed by law for the authentication of statutes of the State or country under the laws of which such company or corporation is chartered or organized, and a copy of its by-laws, duly authenticated by the oath of its secretary. Such corporations shall pay therefor to the Secretary of State, to be turned over to him into the State Treasury, such fees as are or may be required by law.

Sec. 2. That if any such charter or by-laws, or any part thereof, filed in the office of the Secretary of State, shall be in contravention or violation of the laws of this State, such charter or by laws, or such part thereof as are in conflict with the laws of this State, shall be null and void in this State.

Sec. 3 That when any such corporation shall have complied with the provisions of this act above set out, it shall thereupon immediately become a corporation of this State, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges and be subject to the liability of corporations of this State the same as if such corporation had been originally created by the laws of this State. It may sue and be sued in all courts of this State, and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State as fully as if such corporation were originally created under the laws of the State of North Carolina.

Sec. 4. That on and after the first day of June, 1899, it shall be unlawful for any such corporation to do business or to attempt to do business in this State without having fully complied with the requirements of this act.

Sec. 5. Any such corporation violating any provision of this act shall forfeit to the State of North Carolina a penalty of two hundred dollars for each and every day after the first day of June, 1899, on which such corporation shall have continued to operate or do business without having complied with the requirements of this act. Such penalty shall be recoverable by the Treasurer of the State for the benefit of the State of North Carolina, and it shall be his duty to sue for such forfeiture in the Superior Court of Wake county as the same accrue.

Sec. 6. No telegraph, telephone, express, insurance, steamboat or railroad company which is a foreign corporation of another State doing business in North Carolina shall be allowed to sue in the Courts of North Carolina on or after June 1st, 1899, until such foreign corporation has become a domestic corporation either by a special act of the Legislature or under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 7. No such foreign corporation mentioned in the preceding section of this act shall be allowed to enter into a contract in the State of North Carolina on or after the first day of June, 1899, nor shall any such contract heretofore or hereafter made or attempted to be made and entered into by such corporation in the State of North Carolina, be valid or enforceable by such corporation unless such corporation shall on or before the first day of June, 1899, become a domestic corporation under and by virtue of the laws of North Carolina.

Sec. 8. Any such corporation violating any of the provisions of this act by doing any business in the State without first becoming a domestic corporation in the manner prescribed by law, shall, in addition to the penalty prescribed in section 5 of this act, forfeit a penalty of five hundred dollars ($500) for each day any such business shall be done by it in the State of North Carolina, on and after the first day of June, 1899 The amount so forfeited under the provisions of this section shall be recovered by the Treasurer of North Carolina, and it shall be the duty of said Treasurer to institute suit for the same in the Superior Court of Wake County: Provided the business contemplated in this section of this act does not embrace such business as is strictly the business of inter state commerce.

Sec. 9. That all laws and clauses of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

### Mr. Robinson Corrects the Report of His Action.

RALEIGH, N. C., JAN. 26TH, 1899.

ED. OBSERVER:—I wish to say that the News and Observer's report of my action in the House on the Dispensary matter is inaccurate in several respects.

The following part of said report is *untrue*, viz:

"Mr. White's amendment striking out the provision for submitting the matter to a vote of the people was adopted without a dissenting vote."

Not only did Mr. Ray and I vote for my substitute, but about one third of the number voted with us. As a Representative of *all* my constituents, I tried to be absolutely impartial, but frankly stated that I favored a submission of the matter to a vote of the people and would so vote. I tried to do my duty. The submission was evidently defeated on the idea that the negro vote would determine the question, which would, as some expressed themselves, be violative of the principle of white supremacy on which the last campaign was fought. I stood on the matter where I stood during the campaign, and since, and took the same position I took before the committee. *I have done right, and do not fear or care for the result, so far as I am individually concerned.* I only desire the whole truth to be known.

Respectfully,
H. McD. ROBINSON.

### How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
(ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### The Soudan Incident.

Atlanta Constitution.]

One of the most important events in the history of the world will date from the decree by which the goverment of Great Britain has taken hold of the Soudan territory.

The incident illustrates the superior virtue of diplomacy over warlike operations. For a century past it has been evident that the empire of the sultan existed only by sufferance. The jealousies which existed between the various governments of Europe have been the only obstacles in the way of breaking up Saracenic power in the world. It has been the dream of Russia to push her control southward until the Golden Horn should have been brought within her limits, and it has equally been the determination of Great Britain that such a step should fail of accomplishment. It was for this purpose that the Crimean war was waged in 1854-'55 That war resulted really in a truce between the powers engaged, which was effectual in holding back the further advance of the Russian forces, while England became aware that she had to resort to other means to prevent the inevitable repetition of the Russian attempt to reach the Bosphorus. Thus she assumed the role of protecting the integrity of the Moslem empire, and when the time was ripe for it, landed her forces at Alexandria in order to uphold the authority of the sultan, which was threatened by Arabi Pasha and an ambitious khedive. For twenty five years the British forces have remained in possession of Egypt, ostensibly for the purpose of protecting Turkish authority, but really intrenching British power from year to year

The explorations of the Nile were but military manœuvers by which the lower provinces of the Soudan were reached, so that the entire Nile valley might be included within British jurisdiction when the time came for its assertion. The race for Fashoda from the north by the British and from the west by the French was one of intense moment; because it meant either the accomplishment of British desires which had been maturing for years, or their defeat by the natives, whom the French had taken into their confidence. It was the importance of the stake which brought England to the verge of war with France over the possession of Fashoda. The retreat of Major Marchand from this Soudanese city left the English masters of the situation, and opened up the possibility of a new African empire, stretching from the cape to Cairo.

At last the British authorities have thrown off the mask of being a protectorate, and have assumed absolute authority and sovereignty, though nominally retaining the name of the khedive as the ruler of Egypt. It will be remarked that in the decree by which this assertion of sovereignty is made, while reference is made to the khedive, the sultan is absolutely ignored. The next step which may be expected in this great national drama, which is to retire Turkey from the field of nations, will be the occupation of Constantinople itself by British forces. This will be done under the excuse of protecting the money interests of British subjects, but it will be an action by which the government itself will assume the full sovereignty of the Turkish empire. It will occur just as quietly and as effectively as did the occupation of Alexandria, and will meet with just as little opposition from the powers of Europe. The whole incident goes to show that it is the diplomat and not the warrior who builds up great empires and who keeps them together.

### Red Springs Items.

Red Springs, N. C., Jan'y 24, 1899.

Capt. W. F. Williams moved into his elegant 12 room mansion Jan. 21.

Rev. L. A. McLean closed the series of 3 days meetings in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday. He gave some excellent preaching, and we hope much good will result.

Antioch and Red Spring Churches will hold congregational meetings next Sunday—about a pastor.

Pythian Lodge No. 91 has bought a nice lot and will build a Castle Hall. The roll shows a growth of from 13 to over 50 in less than two years.

Louis Williams, colored, shot at John A. Hodgin yesterday, the bullet cut his coat collar. Duncan McNeill shot at the negro slightly wounding him. The negro was captured and jailed for breaking into Hodgin & Son's store.

### A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WOMAN'S HOPE
The only hope for many weakly women is
Bradfield's Female Regulator
It is the one safe and sure cure in all stubborn and severe cases of Profuse, Irregular, Scanty or Painful Menstruation, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, Headache, Backache and Nervousness. It is a distinct remedy for the distinct ailments called "female troubles." Those are the diseases for which it should be taken. $1 a bottle at drug stores.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

From Friday's Daily.

### Mr Robinson Rises to a Question of Personal Privilege.

This afternoon we received the following telegram from Representative H. McD. Robinson, which we take great pleasure in publishing, at the same time assuring him that his request will be complied with:

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan'y 27, 1899.
FAYETTEVILLE, OBSERVER,
Fayetteville, N. C.

I arose this morning to a question of personal privilege on my position as to the Dispensary bill. I ask as a matter of justice that adverse criticism be suspended until you can publish the facts. Will try to get them in your Monday's paper.

H. McD. ROBINSON.

### Plans for Mr. Holt's Residence.

Mr. Hook, the well-known architect of Charlotte, was here yesterday going over the final details of the plans he has drawn for the residence Mr. Walter L. Holt is going to erect on Haymount, on the northwest corner at the intersection of Arsenal street and the Western Plankroad. The site is a splendid one and the grounds have been in the hands of a skillful landscape gardner for some time past. The residence is to be exceedingly handsome and after the colonial style.

### News of Interest.

Senator Butler, who introduced the bill to pension ex-confederate soldiers yesterday, made what the press dispatches term a remarkable speech in defense of the confederacy and then withdrew the bill.

A dispatch from Manila yesterday says: The *Republica*, the official organ of the Filipinos, announces that the congress at Malolos has adopted the Phillippine constitution, passed a vote of confidence in Aguinaldo and empowered him to declare war on Americans whenever he may deem it advisable.

At a mass meeting of women at Cavite yesterday, the paper adds, it was enthusiastically resolved to petition Aguinaldo for permission to take men's places in defence of independence and to bear arms if necessary.

### The People Waking Up.

Durham Herald.

The legislature has voted to continue the dispensary system in Fayetteville. The question in Fayetteville was never submitted to the people, but was forced upon the people by the last legislature. Whether the system is good or bad, it should be left to the people of any community whether they want it or not, and the friends of the system are bound to admit that this is the only fair means of settling the matter. It was not the business of the legislature to inquire into the merits of the system but to find out the wishes of the people and give them what they want. The legislature has as much right to force prohibition on a community as the dispensary system.

Greensboro Record.

The dispensary system may be a good thing, but the question should be submitted to a vote of the people. Even a good law is no good unless the people are at its back. If the legislature forces the system on Guilford you will hear a howl. Those who may otherwise favor the dispensary will object to having it forced upon the county.

### Broad Tires and Good Roads.

Mr. Chas. Hallock sends us the following clipping from the Brooklyn Citizen:

In France, when they set about making good roads, wide tires were insisted on in the case of all country wagons, and some of them are so construcoted that the outer mark of the six inch front wheel just meets the inner mark of the six inch hind wheel, thus making a twelve inch track of both, and turning the wagon as it moves into a sort of road roller on a small scale. With this hint, we leave the matter to the further consideration of all concerned.

### A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH.
2920 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 320

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

### Mr. Rose's Speech at Raleigh.

In connection with the burning question of the day, this writer desires to pay his tribute of praise to the very able speech whith Mr. Rose delivered before the committee at Raleigh on Wednesday of last week. It was really a remarkable presentation of the case from the legal standpoint—clear, concise and complete.

### High Honors for a Former Fayetteville Boy.

Everyone will remember Evander McGilvary as a school boy here fifteen years ago. He was left in the charge of Mrs. Kate McNeill by his father, Rev. Dr. McGilvary, the missionary to Siam, and from her received his early training, mental and moral, and later went to Capt. Rankin at the Donaldson Academy. His subsequent career shows how well his early school days here served him for he took the highest honors at both Bingham's School and Princeton University. After graduating he went west and for several years he has been Professor of Philosophy in one of the big colleges in California. And now he has been offered and accepted the chair of Moral Philosophy at Cornell University.

Hurrah for our boys abroad.

### The Taylor-Hewitt Marriage.

The Florence Times of Thursday has the following about the marriage of our townsman:

Mr. W. F. Taylor, of Fayetteville, and Miss Maude Hewitt, of this city were married yesterday afternoon at 6:30 o'clock, the ceremony being performed at the Baptist Church parsonage, Dr. H. R. Mosley officiating.

Only a very few friends and relatives of the couple were present, and consequently the marriage was a very quiet one. After the ceremony the party repaired to the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. S. J. Hewitt, where a bountiful and delightful supper awaited them.

The happy young couple left on last night's train for Fayetteville, where in the future they will reside.

### IN OLDEN TIMES

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

These are dangerous times for the health Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to Consumption A bottle of One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take; children like it, King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—
FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER
BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug-Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore tavors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $4.00 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1.00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Manag'r.

## A Fleshy Consumptive

Did you ever see one? Did you ever hear of one? Most certainly not. Consumption is a disease that invariably causes loss of flesh.

If you are light in weight, even if your cough is only a slight one, you should certainly take

**Scott's Emulsion**

of *cod liver oil with hypophosphites*. No remedy is such a perfect preventive to consumption. Just the moment your throat begins to weaken and you find you are losing flesh, you should begin to take it.

And no other remedy has cured so many cases of consumption. Unless you are far advanced with this disease, Scott's Emulsion will hold every inducement to you for a perfect cure.

All Druggists, 50c. and $1.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

### The Purchase Tax.

Only ninety-seven of our merchants have paid their purchase tax. The four highest amounts paid were by Messrs. A. E. Rankin & Co., $35; Hope Mills Manufacturing Co., $32.21; J. & O. Evans, $21 16 and Q. K. Nimocks, $20.22.

Our merchants are not taking the steps that are being taken in other towns to have this tax abolished by the Legislature. In nearly every town in the state meetings are being held and petitions gotten up praying the Legislature to repeal the law. No doubt the matter has been forgotten in the overshadowing dispensary question.

### Alabama Dispensary Bill.

Baltimore Sun.

A bill introduced in the Alabama State Senate Tuesday last, providing for the establishment of a general dispensary system similar to the South Carolina system, bids fair to be the hottest question before the Legislature when it reconvenes next Tuesday. It is set for special deliberation on January 25. The measure in brief provides for a dispensary in every incorporated town and one at each county seat, cities being empowered to have additional dispensaries for each 10,000 inhabitants and over. The liquors are to be sold in no less quantities than half pints and in sealed packages. The dispensaries are to sell but once to the same person the same day and to remain closed from 6 P. M. to 6 A. M. The dispenser is to be an official selected by the municipal or county authorities.

### La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy, as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting down.'" For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

### Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

*BUIST'S WHITE & YELLOW ONION SETS, PEAS, BEANS AND N. C. COLLARD SEED at The Fayetteville Drug Store.*

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
**MURCHISON & POPE,**
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

**EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,**
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

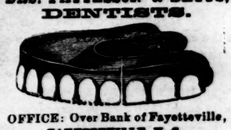
J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
**Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,**
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

**JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,**
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

**J. H. MARSH, M. D.,**
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S
**DRS. HUNTER,**
**DENTISTS,**
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1895.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
**DRS. PATTESSON & BETTS,**
**DENTISTS.**



OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

**DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve**
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

# THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....FEBRUARY 2, 1899

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.


FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

## WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

**"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."**
**—William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.**

*BE WHO IS NOT FOR US, IS AGAINST US.*

What a robust and wholesome Democrat Mr. Bryan is! There is no hedging nor evasion about him; no dodging of issues because he is a candidate for the Democratic nomination. If he were already the Democratic candidate, he might with propriety refuse to take sides openly on matters not a part of the trust which he accepted when he accepted the candidacy. But when one is only a candidate for a candidacy the plea that he is a candidate and therefore cannot take sides on the questions of the day is both dishonest and cowardly. Evidently Mr. Bryan is not that kind of a man, nor is any man a true man and Democrat who is.

Listen at these words which Mr. Bryan wrote to Mr. Willis J. Abbott last year when Mr. Croker invited him to speak in New York and to ignore the silver question in his speech:

"I appreciate his invitation to speak here but he will, upon reflection, realize that I could not afford to make a speech upon the lines suggested. The national platform declares the money question to be the paramount issue and I fully endorse that declaration. So believing, I could not directly or indirectly encourage any State to abandon the national platform. While the Democrats of the West and South have no right to force the national platform upon the people of New York, yet the Democracy of the nation does have a right to expect the Democrats of New York to stand by the platform or announce their hostility to it. *We ought to know whether the New York Democracy means peace or war.*

"To ignore the national platform in a State convention will give notice that the Democrats of New York are hostile to that platform, but lack the courage to declare it openly. The platform of '96 will be reaffirmed in 1900, and I for one would like to know as soon as possible *whether we are to regard the New York Democrats as allies or enemies.* If the Democrats of New York invite me to speak in New York city while in the East I shall accept the invitation with pleasure, but it must be with the understanding that I shall not be restricted as to the subject to discuss. I do not care to be a guest where the Chicago platform is denied a hearing."

It is the common complaint of the people nowadays that they can't get a man to represent them in office whom they can trust. That is because they go to sleep between campaigns and fail to take note of the action between seasons of those who call themselves leaders. Open your eyes, good friends, and mark the man, if any come within your vision, who seeks your support for office and yet shrinks from taking his side openly upon great public questions lest it hurt his selfish aims. That is precisely the kind of man who, when he has acquired office by your support, gives reason for the complaint alluded to. He who is not for us, is against us. Don't forget that.

*THE DEMOCRATIC POSITION NO LONGER TO BE IGNORED.*

Now that Chairman Huske has officially declared that the Democracy of Cumberland is pledged to the policy of leaving the Dispensary question to a vote of the people, there ought to be no further hesitation on the part of true Democrats as to which side they will take in the matter.

It is not the Dispensary which is at issue. Even Chairman Huske, who so strenuously insists upon maintaining the the Democratic position as now understood, declares that he will vote for the Dispensary when that part of the question is reached. It is the honor of the Democratic party which is at stake. The subject was obscured at first because it did not seem possible that those who had secured the elimination of the Dispensary from the campaign discussions in return for the understanding that it should be afterwards settled by a popular vote, would both eat their cake and have it. Before the general public understood what was going on, the suggestion that the elimination of the Dispensary from the campaign issues meant that the Democracy had consented to its unconditional perpetuation, was plausible. Now that the facts have been brought to light, it is plain that the elimination of the Dispensary from the campaign was the token of the understanding that it was to be decided by popular vote after the campaign.

The reader will please understand that the OBSERVER has entered so confidently and so earnestly into this matter because it believes that upon its settlement in accordance with the Democracy's campaign pledges depends the fate of the party not only in this county but in the State. The people never forget a deliberate breach of faith by parties and public men. Witness the fate of Cleveland, Carlisle, Mills and their companions, as a recent and very instructive illustration.

If the Dispensary had been an issue in the campaign, the Democracy would have necessarily taken the position that it must be abrogated immediately upon Democracy's return to power. The party could take no other position, even if it would, because the Republicans who forced the Dispensary upon the county without the people's consent would necessarily defend their act. But there were a number of whites who thought the retention of the Dispensary of more consequence than the success of the Democratic ticket or of white supremacy. The Democratic party thought white supremacy of the greatest consequence. Therefore, when the Dispensary advocates made it a condition of their support of the white man's candidates that the latter should waive the immediate abrogation of the Dispensary in favor of a subsequent popular vote, the Democracy surrendered upon those terms. A like pledge was made to the opponents of the Dispensary; and the party is bound by its pledges both ways.

While it seems to us that both sides should equally observe the understanding by which the Democracy was induced to yield its natural and strongest position, still Democrats can only be responsible for their own course. That is now plain. The lines have been drawn. He who is not for the Democratic side as duly defined by the party's executive head, is against the Democracy in this fight.

The crux of the whole matter is that the alternative of a popular vote is not retention of the Dispensary but abrogation of the Dispensary. That is the Democratic alternative. The Democracy of Cumberland has expressed no fear that the party will suffer from division by a popular vote on this question. Those who express that fear are not strict partisans in the sense that they set the party above the Dispensary. If they insist upon discarding the privilege of a popular vote which the Democracy conceded to them in order to gain their support for white supremacy, that is their affair and the Democracy has only its Democratic alternative to fall back on.

The reader will, of course, understand that we do not assume to sit in judgment upon the Democracy of those who never bolt or scratch a Democratic ticket. We are all entitled to our opinions in details of party policy. But that those who set party loyalty *above* the question of Dispensary or No Dispensary are better entitled to the name, will not be disputed, we think. Still there are as good Democrats as live on the no vote side as well as on the Chairman Huske side.

### The Democratic Position on the Dispensary Fight.

The position of the Cumberland Democracy on the Dispensary question is, primarily, that the Sutton dispensary law should be abrogated, and for the following reasons, viz:

1. It was not of the nature of general legislation, but was a violent innovation, and therefore should have first received the sanction of the people, which is the only Democratic way of treating such a measure.

2. It is of the nature of sumptuary legislation, and therefore undemocratic.

3. It creates a monopoly, which is undemocratic.

4. It is encumbent upon the Democratic party, upon its return to power, to restore the status which it maintained in respect to this subject during its long possession of the State government, and which was changed only when Democracy's enemy came into possession of it.

5. The existing act having been abrogated, those who favor a Dispensary could then shoulder the responsibility of dividing the whites in the presence of the negro balance of power, by bringing forward such a measure and submitting it to the popular vote.

But inasmuch as the Democracy, or a portion of its representatives, accepted the terms imposed in the stress of the campaign by the Dispensary advocates as the condition of their support of the white ticket—viz: that the Democracy, if it won, would not repeal the Dispensary act without submitting the question to a popular vote—the Democracy of Cumberland therefore stands prepared to carry out its agreement as thus enforced.

If, however, the other side desire to break the agreement, then the Democracy of Cumberland appeals to the Democratic legislature to repeal the violently undemocratic act of its predecessor, and to thus place the responsibility for re-opening the question, in advance of the constitutional elimination of the negro vote, *where it belongs*.

All Democrats are understood to agree that it is wrong to impose a dispensary law upon a community without its consent. To retain a law so imposed is, at least, as bad.

Fayetteville is a metropolitan town, not a country village suffering from a deficient police. No other town of its kind in the State has been so treated.

### The Wail of a Disappointed Swain.

Last week we recorded the issuing of a marriage license which will now have to be stricken from the list as will be explained in the following:

January 24th, 1899.

MR. J. T. BYNUM,

Dear Sir:—I write to inform you that there has Ben a disargreement made Between me and the Parties whom I intended to mairy, therefore I have withdrawn my engagement which was to take place Before now. I am sorrie that such a thing happend like it did. Now, sir, will you please accept of these and refund me the money which I paid to you for them very much to my regret that I had to send them Back to you Just like I Brought them away. If you will send me the money wich I paid to you for the licens I will Be very glad, as time will not allow me to go down there myself Just now. You can take out of the sum enough to pay Registerterration.

Please oblige me,

RICHARD ALLEN WOOD,
Raeford, N. C.


**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on ea ech tablet.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. King Bros.


### Representative Robinson and the Observer.

We print in this issue the following:

No. 1.—Chairman Huske States the Democratic Position.

No. 2.—Mr. Robinson Corrects the Report of His Action.

No. 3.—Mr. Robinson Rises to a Question of Personal Privilege.

No. 4.—Mr. Robinson's Question of Personal Privilege.

No. 5.—Mr. Robinson Corrects.

We have not the space to reproduce the Raleigh News and Observer's report of the colloquy which preceded the vote on Mr. Robinson's substitute on Tuesday last, and which we printed at the time. In that report occurs the following:

Mr. Rountree, of New Hanover: How does the gentleman think we ought to vote on this bill?

Mr. Robinson. I am willing to refer the matter to the wisdom of the house. It's a matter that concerns not only Cumberland county, but it concerns every county in the State, and the whole democratic party. It sets a precedent.

* * * * *

Mr. Rountree: "How does the gentleman think we ought to vote?"

Mr. Robinson: "Every man ought to vote as he sees fit. I will say frankly I shall vote for my substitute."

* * * * *

Mr. White, of Halifax, "It strikes me anyway that the gentleman from Cumberland has slightly changed his base since this thing began."

* * * * *

Mr. Robinson called the ayes and noes, but the call was not sustained.

Mr. White's amendment striking out the provision for submitting the matter to a vote of the people was adopted without a dissenting vote.

This done the bill passed its several readings unanimously.

We think the foregoing, together with the documents above referred to (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and reproduced by us to-day, clearly show that it is not the OBSERVER which should have provoked Mr. Robinson's rising to a point of personal privilege, but the Raleigh News and Observer. We assumed of course that the latter's report was true and the returning delegations said it was, and our object in the paragraph which Mr. Robinson complains of was to extenuate his action and to soften the popular judgment against him: for we thought and think that he has not received the support, from certain quarters, which as a Democratic representative he was entitled to. It now appears that the News and Observer admits that the part of the report which did Mr. Robinson the greatest injustice—viz: that he had voted with all the rest against his own substitute—was, by inadvertence, as Mr. Robinson declares, incorrect.

No. 1.

### Chairman Huske States the Democratic Position.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
January 19, 1899.

"Hon. H. McD. Robinson, Raleigh, N. C.:

"Dear Sir: I sent you a telegram to-day, the news having reached here of the action of the committee on dispensary, and has caused a considerable stir, and I fear unless this matter is left to a vote of the people it will cause a split in our ranks. Many who favor the dispensary are decidedly opposed to it as it stands, and the way in which it was put upon the people. It is undemocratic. Many who would vote for it are against it as it now stands. From what I hear the people wish and demand a vote to be taken. Left as it is, I fear it will damage the party as well as yourself, Ray and Williams. It is a Sutton and Wemyss measure and the people do not like it. Now I think it will be but just and fair to all concerned to use every effort to get this matter to a vote of the people; then no matter which way it goes all must be satisfied, as the true principles of Democracy will be carried out, and no one can bring anything against you, Ray or Williams. While I shall vote for dispensary, yet I am opposed to it as it now stands.

See Ray and Williams and talk this over. It is a matter of vital importance to Democracy, and we must not take a step now that will damage our cause in the future. I am writing for the good of the party in the future.

"With best wishes.

"Yours affectionately,
(Signed) W. W. HUSKE,
"Chairman."

No. 2.

(From Friday's Daily.)

### Mr. Robinson Corrects the Report of His Action.

RALEIGH, N. C., JAN. 26TH, 1899.

ED. OBSERVER:—I wish to say that the News and Observer's report of my action in the House on the Dispensary matter is inaccurate in several respects.

The following part of said report is *untrue*, viz:

"Mr. White's amendment striking out the provision for submitting the matter to a vote of the people was adopted without a dissenting vote."

Not only did Mr. Ray and I vote for my substitute, but about one-third of the number voted with us. As a Representative of *all* my constituents, I tried to be absolutely impartial, but frankly stated that I favored a submission of the matter to a vote of the people and would so vote. I tried to do my duty. The submission was evidently defeated on the idea that the negro vote would determine the question, which would, as some expressed themselves, be violative of the principle of white supremacy on which the last campaign was fought. I stood on the matter where I stood during the campaign, and since, and took the same position I took before the committee. *I have done right, and do not fear or care for the result, so far as I am individually concerned.* I only desire the whole truth to be known.

Respectfully,
H. MCD. ROBINSON.

No. 3.

From Friday's Daily.

### Mr. Robinson Rises to a Question of Personal Privilege.

This afternoon we received the following telegram from Representative H. McD. Robinson, which we take great pleasure in publishing, at the same time assuring him that his request will be complied with:

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan'y 27, 1899.
FAYETTEVILLE, OBSERVER,
Fayetteville, N. C.

I arose this morning to a question of personal privilege on my position as to the Dispensary bill. I ask as a matter of justice that adverse criticism be suspended until you can publish the facts. Will try to get them in your Monday's paper.

H. MCD. ROBINSON.

No. 4.

### Mr. Robinson's Question of Personal Privilege.

Saturday morning's Raleigh Post contains the following.

Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland, arose to a question of personal privilege and complained that one of the morning papers had "totally misstated" his position in reference to the Cumberland county liquor dispensary bill.

As evidence of the fact that the paper in question had misrepresented him, the following statements from members of the House and the Committee on Propositions and Grievances have been sent to The Post with request to publish. [Here follow the statements published by us on Saturday and reproduced elsewhere today.—OBS.]

Saturday morning's Raleigh News and Observer contains this:

Fire water in its various forms has always been a disturbing element.

From the day when Father Noah "got on a bender" to celebrate his return from that famous voyage in the Ark down to the present time, the *spiritus frumenti* has been responsible for a majority of the woes to which the human flesh is heir.

Not only to the home has it brought unhappiness, but in politics as well it has been a day and night disaster.

But I did not start out to write a temperance lecture. These few brief but eloquent remarks are penned simply by way of introduction to Representative Robinson's point of personal privilege in the House yesterday.

As the readers of this paper already know, there has for the past two weeks been a hot fight going on here over the Fayetteville Dispensary. For many days Dispensaryites and Antis filled the lobbies and appeared before committees, each ardently advocating his side of the cause.

On Tuesday the matter came before the House. The dispensary forces won by a big majority. It seems that somehow, in the transmission of the news to Cumberland, the impression was created that Mr. Robinson did not warm up to the Anti cause as the opponents of the Dispensary thought he ought. And so an indignation meeting or something of that sort was held and Mr. Robinson's name was not handled exactly as a sacred thing.

At any rate there was some adverse criticism in the local paper—and it was this that yesterday caused Mr. Robinson to rise to a question of personal privilege in explanation of his position in regard to the dispensary.

Calling attention to the fact that a copy of his local paper (the Fayetteville Observer) had been placed on the desk of each member of the House, he had the clerk read from it an article headed: "To Fight the Dispensary—A Remarkable Meeting of Leading Citizens."

After telling of a meeting of citizens in opposition to the dispensary the article refers to an interview with the editor published in the News and Observer of last Friday, and goes on to say: "If the interview referred to had appeared in Friday's issue instead of Monday's it is almost certain that Representative Robinson would have received such backing for his bill during his visit at home on Saturday and Sunday that he would have felt justified in advising his enquiring colleagues to vote for his bill."

"It is to this paragraph that I most particulary object," said Mr. Robinson. "But I want to say that the editor of the Fayetteville Observer is my friend and always has been. I don't believe he was correctly informed, or he would not have writen thus. And the false impression is, I believe, based on inaccurate reports in one of the newspapers that was manifestly on the side of the dispensary. That report was absolutely inaccurate.

"Neither before this House or the committee did I leave any doubt as to where I stood. And since then some of the most prominent members of this body have come to me and have said that I did my whole duty; and that they didn't see how I could have done otherwise.

"I advised this House to submit the matter to a vote of the people. That was my opinion then and it is my opinion now. I think all such matters ought to be referred to the people.

"No member could have been misled by my position."

(It is due Mr. Robinson to state here that in the News and Observer's report of the debate there was one error. It was inadvertently stated that the bill with the "popular vote" section stricken out passed unanimously. This is an error. There were some twenty or twenty five votes in the negative on the second reading.)

No. 5.

### MR. ROBINSON CORRECTS.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 27, 1899.

*Editor Observer:*

The enclosed papers fully explain themselves and seem to need no comment. I feel sure that you desire to do me justice, and that the editorial in your paper of yesterday was, so far as I am concerned, based on a misapprehension of the facts. I request a publication of these papers in full and also of this note. One paper is signed by all of the members of the Committee on Propositions and Grievances that I could find this p. m. in the course of the hour or so at my disposal, and the other is signed by the Speaker and *all* the members that saw and who had heard my speech.

Not one of them signed either paper until he had carefully read it or heard it read. No one familiar with the facts declined to sign. The signers are nearly all leading men and are of nearly every occupation. All political parties are represented by the signers.

I freely take any blame that should attach to me and all that I ask for as a Representative of all of the good people of Cumberland County is absolute justice.

I see no good in getting other signatures; but believe I could get all of the members to sign who heard the matter. Respectfully,

H. MCD ROBINSON.

We, the undersigned Members of the House of Representatives, having heard the speech and statements of Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland, in regard to his bill to submit the dispensary question to the vote of the people of Cumberland County, state that in our opinion he acted fairly and impartially and that his position and speech was one of warm advocacy of his substitute, to-wit: that the matter be submitted to a vote of the people.

H. G. Connor; W. B. Council Jr., Watauga County; G. B Patterson, Robeson; W. R. Allen, Wayne; S. M. Gattis, Orange; J. F. Snipes, Hertford; W. W. Hampton, Surry; John L. Currie, Moore; D. H. McLean, Harnett; J. F. Reinhardt, Lincoln; J. M. Brown, Stanly; S. L. Patterson, Caldwell; Hector McLean, Richmond; Geo. Rountree, New Hanover; Walter E. Moore, Jackson, A. C. McIntosh, Alexander; E. J. Justice, McDowell; Henry A. Gilliam, Edgecombe; J. C. Kennett, Guilford; Locke Craig, Buncombe; W. H. Carroll, Alamance; G. G. Noble Jones; Geo. Dees, Pamlico; J. O. Carr, Duplin; Heriot Clarkson, Mecklenburg; B. B. Nicholson, Beaufort; Geo. H. Currie, Bladen; P. A. Davis, Franklin; C. G. D. B. Noey, Cleveland; W. J. Nichols, Pitt; W. D. Welch, Chowan; J. T. Alexander, Rutherford; T. J. Williams, Iredell; J. F. Brown, Johnston; H. C. Wall, Richmond; A. C. Boggs, Catawba; S. L. Hart, Edgecombe.

We, Members of the Committee on Propositions and Grievances of the House of Representatives, having heard the statement of Mr. Robinson, of Cumberland, in regard to his position on the dispensary matter in Cumberland County, and having also heard his argument in favor of his substitute bill on the floor of the House, do state that the attitude of Mr. Robinson both before the Committee and on the floor, of the House was one of absolute impartiality so far as the merits or demerits of the dispensary are concerned.

Mr. Robinson stated that he represented all of the people of Cumberland County, and that his individual opinion had nothing to do with the matter, but that he was strongly in favor of submitting the matter, to-wit, his substitute bill, to a vote of the people of Cumberland County, and that it was understood, so far as he was concerned, during the last campaign and subsequently that he was in favor of submitting it to the people.

Mr. Ray, of Cumberlad, introduced a bill to repeal the dispensary Act, which bill was supported by petitions asking that this be done. When the matter was heard before the Committee Mr. Robinson offered a substitute, improving the dispensary law and as improved and amended to be submitted to a vote of the people of Cumberland County. In our opinion, both before the Committee and upon the floor of the House, Mr. Robinson stated the facts correctly and as we gathered them from the petitions and petitioners on both sides. There was no petition before our Committee or before the House to submit the matter to a vote of the people. The petitions in favor of the dispensary were in effect that no action be taken by the General Assembly which would directly or indirectly have the effect of repealing the dispensary law. The telegram of W. W. Huske, Esq., Chairman, to Messrs. Ray, Robinson and Williams, and the letter of W. W. Huske, Esq., Chairman, to Mr. Robinson, before the matter came up in the House, had been printed and placed upon the desks of the members.

We believe that every member of the House fully understood the contentions for and against a submission of the matter to a vote of the people and that the action of the House was largely based upon a determination not to submit a matter, on which the white people of Cumberland County are divided, to the decision in effect of the negro voters of Cumberland County.

Ray, of Macon, Chairman Com.; Davis, of Haywood; C. T. Williams, Dare; H. S. Williams, Yadkin; D. C. Allen, Columbus; E. B. Hendren, R. L. Leatherwood, H. S. Harrison, Johnson of Sampson.

### Democracy Getting Its Back Up.

[Wilmington Dispatch.]

The action of the Legislature in refusing the people of Fayetteville the right of suffrage on the dispensary question in our opinion showed bad judgment on the part of our law makers, and was very undemocratic. The Democratic party in this State is now practically a unit, and such questions as these should be left to the people for final settlement which will avoid party disruption. Democrats, generally, are willing to abide by the will of the majority. Submit it to the people.

[Durham Herald.]

The dispensary question is being agitated in this town and we suppose a petition will be presented to the legislature asking for legislation along this line. If the legislature will submit the matter to the people there can be no objection, and if the people do not want the dispensary they have the privilege of voting against it, and either side will have to abide by the decision of the majority. We are a prohibitionist and have voted for it whenever the opportunity presented itself, but we are not in favor of this or any other measure being forced upon the people without their consent.

[Greensboro Record.]

The dispensary system may be a good thing, but the question should be submitted to a vote of the people. Even a good law is no good unless the people are at its back. If the legislature forces the system on Guilford you will hear a howl. Those who may otherwise favor the dispensary will object to having it forced upon the county.

[Wilmington Messenger.]

Whatever may be the opinion of the people of Fayetteville it is certain that the business men are much against the dispensary. It is demanded that a popular election shall be held to determine the matter. It looks fair to allow the regularly constituted voters to have a determining power in the matter.

### Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

St. Paul's, N. C., Jan. 30th, 1899.

Mr. L. Shaw was in Wilmington last Wednesday.

Miss Janie Alford is visiting relatives near Laurinburg in Richmond county.

Mrs. William Gilliis, of the Galatia community of Cumberland county, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Parham.

Dr. Northrop will remove to the Fisher house, in the northern part of town, at an early date.

There was a tacky party at the Academy last Friday night. Quite a number of young folks were present. Among those who came over from Lumber Bridge were Messrs. Joe and Preston Shaw, Dunk Curry, Mr. McArthur and Henry Lyon. It was quite an enjoyable occasion.

Mr. John McGoogan went to South Carolina on business last week.

Miss Minnie L. Shaw spent several days with Mrs. W. B. Burns last week.

Several drummers visited our town last week.

Our good citizens are rejoicing with the victorious Fayettevillians who, by their earnest work, have succeeded in keeping the bar rooms out of the town.

Miss Flora McGoogan closed her school in the Buie's Neck district last Friday.

The literary society of last Friday evening was quite interesting. After the exercises were over the monthly election of officers was had, which resulted in the election of the following officers for the coming month: President, R. S. Burns; Vice President, Miss Della McGoogan; Secretary, Otis Johnson; Censor, Herbert Johnson; Critic Miss Lillian Clark; Chaplain, Eugene Parham.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 30, 1899.

Anti Imperialistic sentiment will have full swing in the Senate this week, as nearly every Senator who opposes and who has not already spoken against imperialism, has given notice of intention to speak. The treaty of peace will be voted upon February 6th, and the chances favor its ratification, because nothing would be gained by rejecting it. A motion to reconsider would be made by one of its friends, and it would require a majority to table it. That majority its opponents have not. So, if it were rejected February 6th, all Mr. McKinley would have to do would be to call an extra session of the Senate in March, when it would be promptly ratified.

Within the last week, Mr. McKinley has been personally harshly criticised in both House and Senate, and in each body one of his critics was a republican. In the House, Representatives Jerry Simpson, and Johnson, of Indiana, jumped on him for bowing to public opinion, right or wrong; and in the Senate, Senators Gorman and Hoar gave him fits for declining to furnish the Senate with copies of the instructions given to the Peace Commissioners.

Senator Gorman has never posed as an alarmist, but he never fears to speak the truth because it may be alarming. Just before the Senate passed the regular pension appropriation bill, which carries $145,000,000, Mr. Gorman made a speech, calling attention to the fact that although it was estimated that the war with Spain would add 50,000 names to the pension roll, unless our troops were recalled from the tropics before the sickly season, no provision, whatever, had been made in the bill for the increase. Mr. Gorman concluded with this significant prediction: "Within three years from this date, the pension roll will amount to $165,000,000. If you add to that, the cost of maintaining your army (one thousand dollars a man), the American republic will in the year 1900, expend more for its army and pensioners than any other nation on the face of the earth. That is a fact, which the American people will have to face, and they ought to know now, in advance, what is coming to them, if the schemes and projects which are being forced upon us are carried out."

The attempt of the republicans to get democratic support for the Hull bill, which will be voted upon tomorrow, by amending it so as to make any increase of the regular army above 50,000 discretionary with the President, was not a success. It made no real change. The democrats proved by their votes for the first war appropriation, that they were not afraid to trust the President, but that did not change the principle of the party against the concentration of authority in the hands of one man. Such concentration does no harm as long as the right man exercises the authority, but who can say when the wrong man will come along? The change was not made for effect in the House, where partisenship will put the bill through, but in the Senate, where its fate will be very much in doubt, unless the support of Senators, who now oppose it, can be secured. The subterfuge was so palpable that Representative Loud, of California, a republican, made a hot speech against it, plainly telling his party associates that they could not hope to catch suckers with such a large hook.

Gen. Miles is still piling up evidence, official and unofficial, that the beef furnished our soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico, was unfit to eat. He has already about convinced everybody, except the members of the administration, and of the War Investigating Commission, that his charge was true, but they seem determined to stick to it that the beef was good.

Secretary Alger put another slight upon General Miles in connection with the finding of the Eagan court martial. The army regulations provide that the finding of a court martial shall be forwarded to the Secretary of War through the commanding general of the army, but Alger instructed the Judge Advocate to ignore Miles and hand the finding to him directly, and it was done. While nobody outside the Court and officials can swear what the verdict was, everybody is certain that it was guilty, and that the sentence was dismissal from the army. In handling this verdict, Mr. McKinley would better be careful or he will sign his own political death warrant; the people have decided that Eagan should be punished, and if Mr. McKinley exercises his authority to shield him, he will find that he may have the punishment to bear himself.

Senator Butler, in presenting a resolution of the North Carolina legislature for the election of Senators, by vote of the people, called attention to this being the twenty fourth legislature to adopt such a resolution, and said that a constitutional amendment ought to be at once adopted, citing the several existing deadlocks and scandals in legislatures as an argument in its favor.

### Worst in the County.

"I have had the worst case of scrofula ever known in this county. After taking a few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla the sores were entirely healed and I have been bothered very little with scrofula since. I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier in the world." JOHN A. CANN,
Brink, W. Va.

HOOD'S PILLS cures nausea, headache.


**Pains of Rheumatism**

**Have Completely Disappeared Since Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.**

Rheumatism is due to acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes this acid and permanently cures the aches and pains of rheumatism. Read the following:

"I was troubled with rheumatism when I was a small boy, and I have been a sufferer with it more or less all my life. Not long ago I took a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it did me so much good I continued its use, and since taking three bottles I have felt no symptoms of rheumatism." R. B. BLALOCK, Durham, N. C.

"I was troubled with rheumatism and could hardly walk. I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and today am a well man." ROBERT JONES, 302 Macke St., Wilmington, North Carolina.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1; six for $5. Get Hood's.

**Hood's Pills** are the favorite cathartic. All druggists. 25c.

**One Minute Cough Cure, cures.** That is what it was made for.

**CASTORIA**

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.


### News of Interest.

The first class of V. M. I. Cadets, recently expelled for violating rules, has been reinstated after a lengthy investigation.

The trial by Court Martial of Gen. Eagan came to an end yesterday evening and a verdict was reached. The decision of the court will go to the President before being made public. One of the points of the defense was that Gen. Eagan lost his mental balance under pressure of severe criticism. The strongest plea of the defense was, however, the promise by the President of immunity from prosecution of witnesses testifying before the War Investigating Commission.

### Mr Adams for Board of Internal Improvements.

There is a pretty fight going on in Raleigh over the control of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad. Mr. Allen, of Wayne, has introduced a bill to change the manner of election of the Board of Int. Imp'ments which appoints the Board of Directors of that railroad. They were formerly appointed by the Governor, but Mr. Allen's bill makes them elective by the Legislature and provides for one from each Congressional District. We learn that the members of the General Assembly from the Third Congressional District have agreed upon Mr. Will Adams an attorney of Carthage as the member of the Board from this district. There are several candidates for the presidency of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, including Mr. Dewey, of Goldsboro and Senator Bryan, of Newberne, and we learn that both of these gentlemen have strong friends at work for them.

From Saturday's Daily.

### Heaviest Snow in Years.

A heavy snow has been steadily falling since one o'clock this morning and is coming down in large flakes at this writing, 3:30 o'clock. It is covering the ground at a depth unprecedented in years, more than 7½ inches being a conservative estimate.

LATER—Shortly before four o'clock the snow ceased and the sun is now shining brightly.

This is the biggest snow since the fall in 1893, when 8 inches covered the ground.

### CARE FOR THE POOR.

Now is the occasion for the exercise of sweet charity. Those whom God has blessed with abundance of the world's goods will find in this weather many deserving objects of their attention. Let the latter have speedy reason to feel that the professing Christian does not bear his name in vain.

### Cumberland Mills to Start Up—Will Make Yarns.

We find the following good news in the Manufacturers' Record:

Mr. C. H. Reynolds, of the Eastern Building and Loan Association, of Syracuse, N. Y., writes that he is ready to receive estimates on the 3000-spindle equipment for yarn-making lately noted as to be installed in the Cumberland (N. C) Mills. The product is to be 8s to 40s.

Negotiations have long been pending for the purchase of Cumberland Mills' silent neighbor, Bluff Mills, which we trust will soon be consummated, and both mills be again the busy hive of industry, as of yore.


**MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR.**

**A Pleasant Lemon Tonic**

prepared from the fresh juice of Lemons combined with other vegetable liver tonics, cathartics, aromatic stimulants. Sold by druggists, 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

For biliousness and constipation.
For indigestion and foul stomach.
For sick and nervous headaches.
For palpitation and heart failure take Lemon Elixir.
For sleeplessness and nervous prostration.
For loss of appetite and debility.
For fevers, malaria, and chills take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulations, take Lemon Elixir.

Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach or kidneys.

50 and $1 bottles at all druggists.

Prepared only by Dr H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

### At the Capitol.

I have just taken the last of two bottles of Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir for nervous headache, indigestion, with diseased liver and kidneys. The Elixir cured me. I found it the greatest medicine I ever used.

J. H. MENNICH, Attorney.
1225 F Street, Washington, D. C.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir**

W. A. James, Bell Station, Ala., writes: I have suffered greatly from indigestion or dyspepsia, one bottle of Lemon Elixir did me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken.

**MOZLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.**

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable

25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.
daily sat. & weekly.

**DeWitt's Little Early Risers,**
The famous little pills.


### Mai Masque.

It has been years since there has been, anywhere or on any occasion, so delighted a gathering of people as the audience which assembled in the Armory of the Independent Light Infantry Friday evening to enjoy the masquerade ball, given under the auspices of the Cumberland County Monument Association.

After a grand and stately promenade of the immense hall, to the music of Remsburg's Orchestra, the maskers ranged themselves in order for the merry cake walk contest, each pair acquitting themselves with applause, but the honors were carried off by Mr. A. S. Wightman and Miss Kendrick, of Philadelphia, to whom was presented the prize, an iced cake, by Mr. J. H. Myrover in a few remarks in the happy style which ever characterizes his efforts, and which were greatly enjoyed by the audience.

The make-up of the prize winners was inimitable—Miss Kendrick, a tall graceful girl, one of Philadelphia's belles, getting over the floor in a combination of glide, waltz, hop, skip and jump which was marvelous to behold, while Mr. Wightman was a capital personation of one of those bow-legged, positive niggers who does his hair up in plaits, and knows it all, and announced himself, by a placard on his back, as "Agin the Dispensary."

The hours, until 1 A. M., were then spent in a beautiful dance of cotillion and german, led by Messrs. G. B. Underwood and Joseph Bidgood.

The costumes were all artistic, some elaborate, and many of them exceedingly funny. During the evening side tables, under the management of Miss Nannie McGilvary, furnished an appetizing lunch. Mrs. E. J. Lilly, Chairman of the January committee, has given her Fayetteville friends a rare pleasure, for which, in behalf of all, we beg to tender to her hearty thanks.

### The Tobacco Industry.

Correspondence of the Observer.

LEMON SPRINGS, N. C.,
Jan'y 30, 1899.

MR. EDITOR: I am glad to notice the interest manifested in the columns of your paper regarding the culture of tobacco in your county. Cumberland county has as fine tobacco lands as can be found elsewhere, and I think the industry should be developed. If your farmers start this industry and give it attention, backed up by the proper energy, success will crown their efforts. There is no excuse for our raising five cent. cotton, a scant average of $10.00 per acre, when we have lands that will produce from $50 to $100 per acre if grown in tobacco. In producing tobacco the acreage is curtailed, and more grain and stock can be produced on the farm.

I have been raising tobacco the past fifteen years and have been satisfied with past results, while I have noticed the cotton farmer seems to be growing poorer with each consecutive year. It is essential that your farmers should sow the best variety of seed, that is best adapted to your soil and climate. I have a limited quantity of two of the best known varieties, i. e. the Long Leaf Gaach and Big Oronoko, that I can heartily commend to the people of your section. These seed are produced and selected by one of the best tobacco seedsmen in the State. The catalogue price is 40 cents per ounce, but, to introduce them in your section, I will send a limited quantity of them, either variety, at 25 cents per ounce. I don't think there are any better varieties than the above for your section. In your section seed should not be sown sooner than February 14 and later than March 1st. My long experience has put me in touch with some of the best tobacco growers in North Carolina and Virginia, and any one wishing experienced hands may do well to communicate with me.

W. F. EDWARDS,
Industrial Agent,
Lemon Springs, N. C.

### Mobile's Mardi Gras.

We are indebted to our friend, Mr. J. A. Barnes, now with McMillan Bros' Co. in Mobile, for an exceedingly handsome invitation to the Mardi Gras, which reads as follows:

Felix II. the Emperor, to his subject:
You are hereby commanded
by these presents to attend
The Popular Carnival
to be celebrated in honor of
the festival of
Mardi Gras
Monday and Tuesday
February thirteenth and fourteenth
eighteen hundred and ninety nine
at
Mobile, Alabama.
And in this you will not fail of obedience,
By order of Felix II,
Emperor of Joy.

Attest:
A. B. Dure,
President Carnival Association


**Dangers of the Grip.**

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

# THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., FEB'Y 2, 1899


We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

**I DEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

M. F. Crawford & Co---We Lead.

B. McBryde, Commissioner—Sale of Land to Make Assets.

Ledbetter Bros.---Fayetteville Steam Laundry.

**F. I. L. I. May go to Newbern.**

The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry has received an invitation to visit the Newbern fair on February 22d and take part in a competitive drill for a silk flag under the auspices of the Naval Battalion. A committee has been appointed to consider the advisability of the Company going.

**Failure of Porterfield & Co.**

Porterfield & Co., whose quotations we have been using, failed Saturday.

This in no wise effects our local broker, Mr. O. B. Wightman, as he still represents the well known firm of Dan'l Odell & Co., who will continue to furnish the markets. There is only one loss in Fayetteville by this failure, and it does not amount to over fifty dollars.

**The Carolina Cooperage Company Assigns.**

The Carolina Cooperage Company of Wilmington has gone into voluntary bankruptcy. It is understood that this was brought about by the recent judgment for $2,500 recently obtained by a man named Tyner for the loss of his hand while at work for the company.

Mr. A. H. Slocomb of this city is one of the largest stockholders, in fact holding about half the shares. Mrs. R. M. Nimocks holds about ten shares.

**The Dispensary Hearing Postponed.**

A telegram was received Monday afternoon from Raleigh stating that the Senate Committee had consented to a postponement of the rehearing of the dispensary question until February 7th. The committee of dispensary advocates published yesterday afternoon have therefore put off their journey until that date, as have also a large delegation of Democrats and leading citizens who favor a vote of the people.

**The Holt-Williamson Mill has a Narrow Escape.**

But for the excellent fire arrangements at the Holt-Williamson mill, that splendid structure might now be in ashes. At 7:30 a. m. Tuesday morning a large quantity of cotton in the picker room was discovered in flames, the alarm was given and the sprinklers turned on. When the Chicora Fire Company arrived on the scene, they found the factory fire brigade working their own apparatus to such good use, that there was no necessity for unhooking the city hose and so turned and lent a helping hand to the local department.

The sprinklers and the hose together soon had the flames extinguished, but not before several bales of cotton had been destroyed or damaged.

**Murder in 71st.**

One day last week in 71st, about 12 miles from town, two negroes, James Ray and Jno. Alston, became involved in a quarrel over a game of cards, which resulted in the cutting to pieces and death of Alston by Ray. The latter made his escape and had not been heard of until Monday about dusk when a party of four men, all colored, were seen descending Haymount hill. Three men walked abreast in front, the middle man being bound from head to foot with ropes, and the two off men held other ropes which were securely attached to the much roped man. The fourth negro brought up the rear with a shot gun, held ready for instant use. Thus they marched through the streets of a much astonished city to the jail and delivered their prisoner over to jailor Pigford. They showed their warrant, a mittemus, issued by W. J. McCraney, J. P., for the safekeeping of Jas. Ray, charged with the murder of Jno. Alston, and took their departure, conscious of duty well performed.

**Fayetteville in 1814.**

We have no doubt the following will prove of much interest to our readers:

EDITOR FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER:

In an old "Morse's Geography," printed in 1814, I find the following about Fayetteville:

"Fayetteville stands on Cross Creek near its junction with Blount Creek, and a mile from its entrance into Cape Fear river. There are upwards of 400 houses. The public buildings are a Presbyterian Church, a handsome Courthouse, and a Town House. Fayetteville is better situated for commerce and vends more merchandise than any inland town in the State; and few places are more eligible for the establishment of several important manufactures."

LILLIE A. FILLYAW,
Dial, N. C.


La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precautien should be taken to avoid it its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo, says: "No one will be disappointed in using one Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. King Bros.

**NO CURE—NO PAY.**

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

**Doubles the Pleasure of a Drive.**

A fine carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or harness can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.


**Death of Young Mr. Thaggard.**

Mr. J. N. Thaggard, son, of Alex. Thaggard, Esq., died at his home in Cedar Creek yesterday after a long and painful illness. The deceased, who was a young man just 27 years old, was very popular in his community.

**Death this Morning.**

Mrs. Robt. M. Jackson died at her home on Massey's Hill yesterday after a short illness. She leaves a young husband, to whom she was married but a year ago, and an infant child, which makes her untimely death a doubly sad one.

Mrs. Jackson was a daughter of the late Mr. John Davis, of Haymount.

**The Illness of Capt. Jas. M. Vann.**

(From Yesterday's Daily.)

Our good and venerable friend, Capt. James M. Vann, is quietly passing out of existence at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. McNeill, in Warrenville, S. C., whither he and his wife went before Christmas on a visit. Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Monaghan and Mr. Jas. A. Vann left last night for his bedside. The latter telegraphs this afternoon that his father is no better and gradually sinking.

Capt. Vann has lived here the whole of his 75 years of life and the whole community is attached to him.

LATER—CAPT. VANN IS DEAD.

A telegram was received about four o'clock announcing the death of Capt. Vann.

**Beginning of the Daily's Fourth Year.**

(From Yesterday's Daily.)

We begin to-day the fourth year of our daily edition. Its success has been far beyond our expectations, for we were convinced that the town was not large enough to support the luxury of a daily paper and therefore entered upon the new venture simply because we were forced to do so in self defence.

As we have said, the daily has succeeded beyond our expectations; and the aggregate business of the daily and the weekly is far in excess of that of the weekly alone before the daily was added. Yet the aggregate profit from the two editions is less than the profit had been from the weekly alone. Therefore the daily is published at a loss, or, as we have said, is a luxury—an objective, not a subjective, luxury; that is to say, one which the public, not the publisher, enjoys. We trust we are not asking too much if we suggest that the public bear this fact in mind when they argue with themselves as to the value of advertising, giving the publisher the benefit of the doubt, and when they are seeking the natural medium for their favors of this sort.

**The Cross Creek No Fence Law.**

A petition is being circulated which asks the Legislature to amend the bill before it, or to be brought before it, by exempting the real estate of the City of Fayetteville from taxation on account of the Cross Creek no fence law. A friend who has looked into this matter asks us to publish the following:

"The law as it now stands exempts the real estate of the City of Fayetteville and places the entire expenses of fence upon the land outside of the city. This has always been regarded as an act of great injustice and wrong, which the bill before the Legislature proposes to remedy. The tax placed on all property with fence would only be a nominal one. Parties asked to sign petition are cautioned to consider well what they are asked to sign."

News of Interest.

The Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger says:—

The draft of the election law is completed. It provides for a state election every four years on the first Thursday in August, beginning in 1900.. It also provides for a state election board, composed of five discreet persons, and for county boards of three members each.

The President yesterday sent to the Senate the correspondence on file in the State Department bearing upon the Peace Treaty and it was read in today's executive session. The correspondence includes most of the letters and cablegrams from the commissioners to the President and from the President to the commissioners in the way of instructions in return. The documents are numerous, as there were telegrams, letters and reports for almost every day the commissioners were at Paris.

One of the first cablegrams from the President instructed them to demand the cession of Luzon Island only of the Phillippines, and he told them that full sovereignty should come with it.

The much discussed bill to reorganize and increase the standing army to about 100,000 men, but giving the president authority to reduce the size of infantry companies and cavalry troops to sixty men each, thus fixing a minimum of about 50,000 enlisted men, passed the house by a vote of 168 to 125 yesterday. It will probably meet its fate in the senate.

A press Dispatch from Atlanta last night says: The Third North Carolina volunteers, composed of negroes, was mustered out at Macon and the men were paid all the way from $25 to $75 and were furnished with a special train home.

**What About the Shops—Where Does Fayetteville Stand?**

Yesterday's Wilmington Messenger contains the following item of much interest to Fayetteville:

The Messenger representative learns that the Coast Line intends in future to divide the work of their shops into two classes—machine and car departments. The entire work of the former will be located in South Rocky Mount and the latter in Wilmington. The object of this is to concentrate the work, which will facilitate matters and make the business of the car department more extensive. The car shops now in Florence are to be transferred to this city, and the machine shops here removed to South Rocky Mount.


**RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.**

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by

H. R. HORNE, Druggist,
Fayetteville, N. C.


## THE LEGISLATURE

Thursday's Proceedings.

SENATE

The senate met at 10 o'clock yesterday. Bills were introduced as follows: To prevent dealing in futures in North Carolina.

The report of the committee on the contested election case from the Fourteenth district was taken up and unanimously approved, seating Jones, democratic, and unseating White, populist. The vote was—yeas 41; nays 0.

Bills passed as follows: To authorize the commissioners of Moore county to fund the county indebtedness. House bill to authorize the publication of statistics of the North Carolina regiments compiled by Walter Clark (passed unanimously). Establishing dispensary at Jackson. To repeal road law in Nash. To amend laws relating to lease of turpentine orchards.

IN THE HOUSE.

The house met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To require telegraph companies to exercise due diligence in transmission and delivery of messages, making the penalty $100. To protect labor contracts. To regulate the appointment of notaries public. By Mr. Thompson, of Onslow, to establish tax commission. (The governor, by consent of the senate, to appoint three commissioners.) To permit J. W. and S. Otho Wilson to sue the state for salary claimed by them. (It amends the railway commission act by striking out and adds to it the following words: "And said commissioner removed as herein provided for shall be allowed to bring his action in the nature of quo warranto, returnable to the superior court of the county in which he lives, and said action to be brought in his name, and against the appointee of the governor and shall stand for trial as is now provided for actions of quo warranto, and in event of final judgment in favor of such suspended officer he shall be reinstated in his said office, and receive full salary for the term to which he was elected.") By Mr. Ray, of Cumberland, to repeal chapter 453, acts 1897, known as the "Assignment Laws." By Mr. Patterson, of Robeson, to create the county of Scotland. (This is entirely a new bill and is a surprise to the advocates of the old bill, for it proposes to take in quite a large part of Robeson, in Red Springs and Pembroke.

The bill to require elementary principles of agriculture to be taught in public schools was tabled.

Saturday's Proceedings.

HOUSE.

Of the eleven petitions presented, three asked incorporation of churches and school houses, two were for repeal of the merchants' purchase tax, one against Scotland county and one asked the building of a road across public lands in Onslow county by convicts.

Of the fifty seven new bills introduced only the following are of general interest and importance:

By Brown, of Johnston: To incorporate the Old North State Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

By Alexander, of Rutherford: To create the Vance textile department of Agricultural and Mechanical College. This bill amends Section 9, Public Laws 1897, Chapter 410, adding: To establish and maintain a department of the college in which shall be taught the manufacture of textile goods.

Only four bills were passed, as follows: To make cohabitation between whites and blacks a felony; to establish a stock law in certain parts of Cumberland; to change the name of the town of Wolsery to Raymouth.

IN THE SENATE.

A petition was presented from members of the various churches of Goldsboro, to establish a school for the reformation of youthful criminals.

Among the bills passed on final reading were: To re establish Mount Airy township, Surry county. This bill practically enforces the collection of a $25,000 bond issue, subscribed for the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Rail way. Bill to prevent fishing with certain nets in Albemarle sound; to protect cattle from splenetic fever.

A bill to repeal Section 3113 of the Code came up. This bill provides that a local option election may be held in any month during the year, instead of in June, as the law now stands, and on a petition of one fourth of the citizens of a township instead of one half as formerly. After considerable discussion the bill was referred to the committee.

Business Transacted Monday.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

The following bills were introduced: To incorporate the Carolina and Northern railroad. To prohibit hunting in Wake and Johnston counties without permission of owners of land. To further white government in the counties of North Carolina by re-enacting chapter 17, of the Code, with reference to election of commissioners and magistrates. To prohibit public drunkenness.

The following bills passed final readings: To amend and consolidate the charter of Greenville. To repeal the acts of 1897 regarding the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company.

The joint resolution, providing for the election of twelve directors of the State's prison next Friday was adopted.

HOUSE.

The House met at 10 o'clock.

Bills were introduced as follows: To give a medal to each member of the First North Carolina regiment serving in Cuba. To change Stanly county from the Eleventh to the Eighth judicial district. By Mr. Williard, to add Gabriel Holmes and Duncan McEachern as commissioners of New Hanover county. By Mr. Patterson, to amend the charter of Maxton.

The joint resolution to go into the election of twelve directors of the penitentiary next Friday was adopted.

Bills passed as follows: To appoint a joint committee to investigate the Agricultural and Mechanical college for negroes at Greensboro.

The bill passed to restore the old name of Ayden to the town of Harriston, Pitt county.

The bill in regard to number of challenges in capital cases was tabled. It proposed to reduce the number of defendant's challenges from twenty three to twelve in capital cases and to increase the number of the State's challenges from four to eight.

The following bills also passed final reading: Giving Jackson, Northampton county, a dispensary. To allow the various divisions of the Atlantic Coast Line in North Carolina to change their names and making them domestic corporations of North Carolina.


*A FULL LINE OF BRUSHES. EVERY TOOTH BRUSH SOLD BY US GUARANTEED. FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.*


**Gospel Temperance Meeting.**

In answer to the announcement of Saturday, a large body of Christian people assembled in the Baptist church yesterday afternoon.

Rev. H. T. Graham called the meeting to order and B. C. Gorham acted as secretary. After the singing of a hymn Rev. W. L. Cunningim led in prayer for our community. He prayed fervently for God's blessing upon our dear old town. Mr. Graham then stated the purpose of the meeting in a concise manner that bristled, however, with telling points against the liquor traffic. He said that we were not gathered to insist or "demand" anything from the General Assembly of North Carolina; that that savored too much of the high wayman who said: "Your money or your life" and took both. We were most respectfully petitioning the Honorable Body to protect us from the open saloon curse.

The speaker then suggested that the meeting consider whether the saloon keeper in the past ever asked the voters to go to the polls and say whether they wanted these twelve saloons or not.

They were very anxious now to put the matter before the people but were careful not to say "Vote for the Dispensary or Prohibition", but simply Dispensary or no Dispensary, thus leaving the ground clear for the saloon.

Dr. McNeill said it had been suggested that the Dispensary law was a "demyss, Sutton, Rad., Pop., Measure", and therefore should be put down. He produced a copy of the House journal of 1897 showing the vote of the House in names, numbers and parties for and against the law, viz: Democrats for 18, against 7; Populists for 30, against 2; Republicans for 25, against 28; total cast for the law 73; total cast against the law 37. These figures show that according to the strength of the House it was a Democratic measure.

Further, when an amendment was offered to put it to a vote 10 Democrats voted for and 12 against. The Populists voted 5 for and 29 against. The Republicans voted 26 for and 14 against.

The Doctor with prophetic tone and emphasis said: "They're beat, brethren, they are beat, and all we can do is to look to the Lord as we have been doing."

Rev. Mr. Thomas prayed very tenderly for the ex saloon men and Mr. Leavitt for the House of Representatives, naming several who had championed the temperance cause and our county representatives, as well as Senator Williams, who is sick. Several other speakers offered pointed, telling remarks, and Bro. Leavitt sang "Gambling for Gold" and "'Twas rum that spoiled my boy."

Mr. John A. Oates, Jr., offered the following which was adopted unanimously:

"We, the Public Citizens Temperance meeting, held in the Fayetteville Baptist Church, Jan. 29, 1899, appreciating the manly action of the House of Representatives of the North Carolina Legislature on the Cumberland County saloon question, desire to express our commendation in the following resolutions:

First: That th's meeting most heartily commends the action of the Legislature in heeding the prayer of the great mass of good people of Cumberland County, that the saloon be not fastened again on our people.

Second: That we especially thank the men who so nobly championed the cause of humanity on the floor of the House.

Third: That we pray the Legislature to take no action, whatever, which will make possible a saloon in our county.

After singing: "Oh, the Crowning Day is Coming," Mrs. Thomas recited, by request, amid tears of sympathy, "Poor-house Nan," and the meeting closed with prayer by the Secretary.

B. C. GORHAM, Sec'y.


**Spain's Greatest Need.**

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.


**Eagan Found Guilty, and Without Even Recommendation to Mercy.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Commissary Gen. Eagan was found guilty by the court martial last night, and the verdict given to the public this afternoon. He will be dismissed from the army. The judgment of the court is guilty as to both charges, namely: "Guilty of a crime against discipline, good order and decency, and without a shadow of palliation or excuse." The sentence is "dismissal," with no recommendation of mercy.

Later.—The Eagan verdict has not been officially announced, but the report telegraphed is on good authority. Eagan is completely broken down today. He had hope until the last.

**Preachers Against Imperialism.**

By telegraph to the Observer:

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 31st.—Over one hundred Methodist and Baptist preachers of this section today discussed the imperialist policy. The majority were against holding the Phillippines.

**Rushing Reinforcements to the Phillippines.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Orders were issued from the War Department today to expedite reinforcements for the Phillippines. The transport Sherman will sail on February 2d and the Sheridan on February 8th via Suez.

**Decide Against Ewart.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

The Senate Committee on Judiciary presented this afternoon an adverse report on the nomination of Ewart as U. S. Judge of the Western District of North Carolina.


Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children.

King Bros.

**CASTORIA.**

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

*"GOOD HORSE SENSE" is a short treatise on the horse. FREE at the FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.*

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.


**A Famous Preacher Drops Dead While Conducting a Funeral.**

By cable to the Observer

London, January 31.—Rev Dr. Berry, chairman in 1897 of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, and first president of the National Council of Evangelical Free Churches, fell dead to-day while conducting a funeral service in Staffordshire. He was called to succeed Mr. Beecher in 1879, but declined.

**Another Noted Divine Dead.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 1.—Rev. Dr. Chas. S. Robinson, a noted Presbyterian divine and hymn writer, died this morning of grip. He contracted pneumonia several weeks ago.

**May Be a Test Vote.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb. 1.—A test vote on the treaty may possibly be taken in the Senate today. This will come if the programme of many individual Senators is carried out, but the leaders may decide to keep the lines laid out till Monday when a vote will be had as announced.

**Soldiers Bound for Manila.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 1.—The second battalion of the seventh infantry arrived this morning enroute to Manila. The third infantry is expected at noon. They will take the transport Sherman. The men all said they are glad to go to the Phillippines, and are ready to fight if necessary.

**Revenge at 14**

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Feb. 1.—Henry Spencker, aged 14, confessed today at the Yorkville police court that he set fire yesterday to a tenement on Elm street in revenge for being discharged. The building was occupied by twenty families, and the ground floor used as the printing shop of James G. Mitchell, who dismissed Specker Saturday night.

**Trolley Cars to the Pyramids.**

By telegraph to the Observer

Pittsburg, February 1.—Negotiations have been closed with the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company for the equipment of fourteen cars of the ordinary trolley type for use in the city of Cairo. It is proposed to build another line to the Pyramid as soon as the natives are accustomed to the operation of the cars and later connect with Alexandria. This is the second important order received in Pittsburg within the week from the Egyptian Improvement Company. The firm will also build four hundred steel cars for the Sudan Railroad.

**Esterhazy Tarried Not.**

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, Feb. 1—Count Esterhazy was notified yesterday that his testimony before the Court of Cassation being concluded, proceedings against him would be resumed within twenty four hours. Thereupon he left on the Northern railroad for an unknown destination.

**A Fatal Snow Slide—Seven Lives Lost.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Vancouver, Feb. 1st.—There was a fatal snow slide on the main line of the Canadian Pacific at Rogers pass, from the summit of Selkirk last night. The round house and station was swept away and seven lives lost and two injured. A large force is engaged in recovering the bodies. Two bodies have been so far secured. There were several large slides yesterday which greatly damaged the snow sheds.

**In Congress.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, Feb'y 1—The House took up the River and Harbor bill. The general debate is limited to an hour and a half. Very few outside of the committee amendments will be offered. Many Southern representatives wish additional appropriations, but rely upon the Senate to perfect the bill.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have decided to allow a vote on the Peace Treaty resolutions. They count upon their being voted down.

The Army Bill as passed by the House was reported to the Senate. It was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.


**CASTORIA.**

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

*BUIST'S FRESH GARDEN SEEDS JUST RECEIVED AT THE FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE*

**A. B. WILLIAMS,**
**COTTON BUYER,**
**HAY STREET,**
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.


**FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS**

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON

| | |
|---|---|
| Middling | 6¼ |
| Good Middling | 6-40 |
| Market—firm. | |

NAVAL STORES

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits | 41c |
| Common Rosin | 70 |
| Virgin | 1 70 |
| Yellow Dip | 1 70 |
| Hard | 1 20 |

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour—1st pat., sack, | $2.35@$2.65 |
| Family Flour—2nd pat., sack | $2.10 @ 2.35 |
| Hides—dry—per lb. | 8@10 |
| " —green—per lb. | 6 |
| Wool—washed | 15@20 |
| Bacon—hog round per lb— | 9 |
| " —ham | 10½a12½ |
| " —sides | 8 |
| " —shoulders | 8½ |
| Oats—32 lbs per bushel | 40@45 |
| Peas—clay | 45a50 |
| " —mixed | 40@45 |
| " —white, | 55a65 |
| Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel | 50@55 |
| " —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel | 50@55 |
| Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel | 46@47½ |
| Onions—select—per bushel | 70@90 |
| Lard—N. C. | 7@7½ |
| Tallow | 2½@4 |
| Ducks | 18@20 |
| Hens—per head | 20@25 |
| Roosters—per head | 17½a 20 |
| Turkeys—per lb | 7½ a 8 |
| Guineas | 16@17½ |
| Geese | 25 a 30 |
| Butter—choice yellow | 16 a 20 |
| Honey—strained—per lb | 9 a 10 |
| Eggs, | 9a10 |
| Feathers—new | 35 a 40 |
| Potatoes—Irish | 90@120 |
| Potatoes—Sweet | 30 a 40 |
| Pork | 4½@5 |


**DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve**
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.


**Another $100,000 by Carnegie.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Harrisburg; January 28.—Cornegie has offered to donate one hudred thousand dollars for a Laboratory building at the State College at Bellefonte, provided the State will annually appropriate ten thousand for its maintenance.

Threats with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong, well, happy in health, nerve and pocket. 600 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 5 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

**FAYETTEVILLE STEAM LAUNDRY.**

We are at the same place turning out work that looks like new. We want everybody to give us a trial, and, if not satisfactory, it will cost you nothing. We give special attention to Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. If the neck-bands are worn we will reband them for you.

**WANTED.**

An agent in every town, school and village. Good commission guaranteed. Also smart boy to collect and deliver bundles.

**Ledbetter Bros.**

**COLD WEATHER COOKING**
—IS MADE—
**DELICIOUS**
—AND—
**WHOLESOME**
—WITH—
**CAROLINA BAKING POWDER.**

Cake and Breads made with Carolina keep moist and fresh and do not dry up as when made with low grade powders containing ammonia or alum.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

Manufactured by
H. R. HORNE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

**FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.**

**Strictly First-Class Work.**

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

**Visit "The Hay St. Grocer,"**

**BUY YOUR XMAS CANDIES, NUTS, &c.,**

**Make the Little Ones Happy**

an dget ready for the New Year.

You have my best wishes for future success and happiness.

Yours, &c., to command,
A. S. HUSKE


**Sale of Land to Make Assets.**

The undersigned, by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, N. C., directing the sale of the lands of the late D. D. McBryde to make assets to pay debts, I will, on Monday,

**The 27th of February,**

1899, at 11 o'clock, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction the following lands, viz:

1st. The lands known as the Residence or Home Place of said D. D. McBryde, being in several different tracts embracing about 420 acres, subject, however, to the widow's dower.

2nd. The McLean Place, about 145 acres, adjoining the lands of Collier, Tew and others.

3rd. About 112 acres, situate in Harnett county, adjoining the lands of John Williams and George D. Elliot, known as Neck Lands.

The purchaser at such sale will be required to give note bearing 6 per cent for the purchase money, to be paid within six months, but may have privilege of paying cash for his bid, taking a deed for the land upon confirmation of the sale.

B. T. McBRYDE,
Commissioner.

January 25, 1899.


**TELL**

all your neighbors

**ABOUT**

the wonderful new Constitutional Cure for **RHEUMATISM.**

The remedy is a Vegetable Compound, Extracts of Roots, Herbs and Barks, no Opiates. Purifies the blood and drives out the poisonous acids that cause the disease. Cures 98 per cent. of the patients. The name is

**RHEUMACIDE,**

and it Kills Rheumatism.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

# M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,

**At the Holt Store.**

We lead, others follow, lead because we buy and sell more goods than any other Dry Goods House in Fayetteville or Cumberland county, and do it with less expense than any other house; lead, because we buy for cash and sell for cash; because we handle the very best goods; because we mark all goods in plain figures and only have one price, and you can't duplicate that price elsewhere. Below we give you some prices that will prove our assertions:

A-A Sheetings, 1 yard wide, at 3¾c. per yard, A-A-A, heavier, yard-wide Sheeting at 4½ cents per yard, the very best yard wide Sea Island at 4½ cents a yard, good heavy Drilling 5 cents a yard, Checked Homespun at 3½ cents, the very heaviest Checked Homespun at 4¾ cents, heavy Cheviot Plaids or Stripes for men's shirts, boys' waists, &c., at 5 and 7½ cents, 8 cent Plaid Dress Goods, beautiful patterns at 5 cents per yard, 15 cent Plaid Dress Goods, as handsome styles as you ever saw, at 10 cents, good Outing at 4½, 7 and 9 cents a yard. Special prices on men's pants goods to close out and make room for Spring stuff. Very good quality Jeans at 10 cents a yard, school-boy Jeans at 12½ cents, splendid quality of Jeans, about 50 per cent. wool-filled, heavy and tough, at 16⅔, regular 25 cents goods at 19 cents, 35 cent goods, all-wool filled at 22½ and 25 cents, Bed Ticking at 5, 7½, 8½, and the very best made at 11¾ cents per yard.

## DRESS GOODS.

All-wool Serge, 36 inches wide, all colors, at 25 cents a yard, all-wool Henriettas at 39, 55, 69 and 75 cents a yard, heavy Storm Serges in navy blue and black, 44 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool Ladies' Cloth in black, brown and green-mixed, 50 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool flannel Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, at 23 cents, all-wool-filled Cashmeres, 40 inches wide, at 25 cents per yard, double-width Brocade Cashmeres, all colors, at 13 cents a yard, 40-inch Pompadour Suiting in black and colors at 25 cents a yard, Black Satteen at 7½ 8½ and 10 cents, yard-wide Percals, as good assortment of patterns as you ever saw, at 5¾, 6¾, 8½ and 10 cents a yard, light or dark styles, plain white india linen at 5 cents a yard and up, Checked Nainsooks and Dimities at 5 cents and up, Embroideries and Laces at 1 cent and up, heavy Piques, Welts, Corduroy, Stripes, &c., at all prices, all-wool Red Flannel at 12½, 20 and 25 cents per yard, white flannel at 15 to 50 cents. If you want to save money on your dry goods' purchases don't buy till you see our line.

## SHOES.

It is considered by every man, woman and child who have bought Shoes at this store that we give more style and comfort and service for less money than they have ever been able to get elsewhere. To those who have never bought shoes from us, we only ask a trial, and if you don't get more for your money than you have been getting we will pay you your money back. Ladies Shoes at 69 cents to $2.50 per pair, men's shoes at $1.00 to $3.50 per pair, children's shoes at 20 cents to $2.00 per pair.

A splendid line of Hats and Caps, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Underwear for men, ladies and children. Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., at unapproachable prices.

Glass butter dish with cover, sugar bowl with cover, cream pitcher, largest size block tin wash basins, half gallon tins, half gallon covered buckets, all size lamp and lantern chimneys, good curry combs, 1,000 good matches, any size milk and pudding pans and hundreds of other bargains on FIVE CENT COUNTER.

Any size heavy sheet-iron bread pans, round bread pans, 14-quart block tin dish pans, 10-quart milk buckets, 4 and 6-quart covered tin buckets, any size agate jelly cake pans, revolving sifters, heavy graters, 75 feet heavy galvanized clothes wire, heavy rubber combs, good horse brushes, curry combs, back bands with buckles, 1 lb. carpenters' hammers, any size japanned waiters, assortments of glassware that would be cheap at 15 and 20 cents a piece, all on TEN CENT COUNTER,

4 qt. covered agate sauce pans, half gallon agate tea or coffee pots, splendid assortment of glass lamps complete, 10 and 14-quart strainer, milk buckets, full size, solid steel spiders, splendid blacking brushes, 40 cent brooms, and scores of other articles on TWENTY-FIVE CENT COUNTER.

These are a few of the articles carried on our 5, 10 and 25 cent counters. There are hundreds of other useful articles and every one is a leader at the price.

Don't fail to see our Crockery, Glassware, Tinware and Agate-ware Department in rear of this store.

Plenty of Plant Bed Canvass for Tobacco Farmers.

**M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,**
50 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

# COTTON SEED MEAL FOR SALE.

We are now offering prime new meal to farmers of this and adjoining counties **FOR CASH OR ON TIME.**

Send for prices and terms.

**Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil and Fertilizer Company.**

January 19-4t J. R. WILLIAMS, Manager.

## ROUGH WORK.

It's hard work trying to down an article of merit.

**"Perfection" will not down.**

It's the best and cheapest flour sold in Fayetteville. Other excellent brands for less money.

Anything you want in the line of Staple Groceries. Lots of other goods besides.

**FERTILIZERS.**

We will again handle NAVASSA, SEA-FOWL and other celebrated brands of Fertilizers including ACID PHOSPHATE and KAINIT. Prices right.

**Q. K. NIMOCKS,**
Wholesale and Retail Grocer.
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

# Pemberton's Book and Music House,

**FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.**

**Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,**

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

**WALL PAPER,**

**Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children**

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

# WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

**HEADQUARTERS FOR**

**Lumber and Building Material**

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

**Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.**

**DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS**

**Farming Implements**

OF ALL KINDS,

**Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &**

**SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.**

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

**Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.**

**Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.**

☞ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

**WALTER WATSON.**

**Arrest**
disease by the timely use of Tutt's Liver Pills, an old and favorite remedy of increasing popularity. Always cures
**SICK HEADACHE,**
sour stomach, malaria, indigestion, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.
**TUTT'S Liver PILLS**

**Marriage License.**

Marriage license was granted last week to Mr. J. D. Graham and Miss A. M. McFadyen, both of Raeford.

**Death of an Aged Lady.**

Mrs. Elizabeth Mazingo died at her home in Campbellton Friday in her 88th year. She leaves one son, Mr. J. W. Mazingo, the steamer watchman.

**Mr. and Mrs. Frank Taylor.**

Mr. Frank Taylor, son of Capt. S. M. Taylor, and Miss Maude Hewlett were married in Florence Wednesday afternoon. The young couple arrived here that night at 9:40 o'clock, and were met by a number of friends and received many hearty congratulations. Mr. and Mrs Taylor were driven to the residence of Mr. S. M. Taylor, where they will make their future home for the present.

**Not With the Express.**

From our article day before yesterday about Prof. Dorsett, it might have been inferred that he is still with the Express Company. The fact is that soon after the present efficient division agent, Mr. J. J. Croswell, took charge of this territory, Mr. Dorsett's services were dispensed with, his mind, no doubt, then beginning to bud hypnotic notions.

**Marriage.**

At the Jackson Hotel in this city Wednesday night at 8 p. m. Mr. J. D. Poplin and Miss Maggie Perry were united in marriage, the ceremony being performed in an impressive manner by Rev. H. Tucker Graham, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church. The bride is a daughter of Mr. A. Perry, the fishmonger and proprietor of the hotel.

**Hurrah for the Women.**

Mrs. J. A Pemberton, Jr., entertained delightfully the Green Street Whist Club at her beautiful home last week. Mrs. Hinsdale and Miss Lina Pemberton carried off the honors—losing only one game each. It is strange, but in all these whist contests this winter, we have not heard of a man coming out winner. Hurrah for our women.

**The Monument Association.**

The Ladies Confederate Monument Association of Cumberland County has been doing some excellent work lately. We noticed some time since the resignation of Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot from the presidency and the election of Miss Maggie Pemberton, an excellent selection, thereto. Miss Pemberton, it appears, was unable to serve, and the Association elected Miss C. E. Mallett as President—also an excellent selection, both in view of Miss Mallett's leading part in the erection of the present Confederate monument (the first, by the way, erected in the State), and because of her general executive ability. The two notable entertainments recently given, one at Mr. Robinson's, under Mrs. N. W. Ray's chairmanship, and the other at Mrs. Hinsdale's under Mrs. Hinsdale's chairmanship, have illustrated in a very effective way Miss Mallet's genius and that of her worthy coadjutors, Mrs. Ray and Mrs. Hinsdale.

The fund is now $1 119.49. It will be recalled that the first money received by the Association was the $400 90 made by the Ladies' edition of the OBSERVER, some three years ago. From this it has grown by degrees, as the result of many entertainments and exhibitions, to the present figure. The amount netted by Mrs. Ray's entertainment was $25 32, and that netted by Mrs. Hinsdale's entertainment was $21.05. The young men of the Foot Ball team kindly donated $5 05, that being half of their gate receipts. A lady friend in New Orleans sent through Miss Mallett $1.; and 16 cents was contributed by Masters Jacqueline Croswell, Sam Ayer, Mebane Beasley and Jarvis Jones. These boys asked the privilege of forming a staff of aids to the Association.

A feature of the February entertainment will be a Valentine Party for the children. Let the children remember this and save their pennies for the occasion.

So it will be seen that Miss Mallet is moving things right along in a very energetic way, indeed. It is the earnest wish of the members of the Association to revive a general interest in the erection of the Monument, and to lay the corner-stone on the 10th of May next. The OBSERVER earnestly desires to urge the enlisting of the sympathy and co-operation of the women of the county as well as of the town in this noble work. It is but a small tribute to those who died for our liberties.

We are indebted to Miss L. G. Murchison, the accomplished Secretary pro tem, for the particulars given above.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. King Bros.

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

*"MONEY IN POULTRY."*
*One acre of Hens equals 200 acres of wheat. This booklet can be had FREE from the FAY'V E DRUG STORE.*

**THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS**
and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure; then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

**CONGRESSMAN JOHNSON'S MAGNIFICENT SPEECH.**

He charges the President with the Intention to Force upon the Filipinos a Sutton Dispensary Law so to speak, without allowing Them to Vote Upon the Question.

Says Thursday's Washington Post:

The man who was fearless enough and firm enough in his convictions to defy the majority of his party and incur the hisses of enthusiastic spectators during the thrilling period that preceded the war thrilled the House yesterday with a notable effort. As the brilliant and brainy opponent of expansion, especially of acquiring islands on the other side of the Pacific, Representative Henry C. Johnson of Indiana, thereby enhanced his reputation for intellectual argument, and made a decided impression for his cause.

Rarely has the House seen two great Republicans so seriously matched in logic and oratory. Representative Johnson's presentation was so determined, he assailed the President's policy in such outspoken language that Representive Dolliver, of Iowa, in some ways the most effective speaker in the Republican majority, was put forward as a champion. When the Indianian had concluded his arraignment, which lasted for over an hour, frequently punctuated with Democratic applause, and watched with the closest interest both on the floor and in the galleries, the Iowan stepped out and for quite an hour he subjected his opponent to eloquent derision that sometimes came dangerously near personalities. To this Representative Johnson listened imperturbed till near the close of the speech, when he drove home a question as to the administration's intention of acquiring the Phillippines against the wishes of the inhabitants.

In vain did Representative Dolliver try to escape. "I ring that question in your ears," shouted Representative Johnson above the tumult of the House, and when the Iowan retorted that the Hoosier's "intellectual powers were growing obsolete" the Indiana member like a flash shouted again above the tumult that he was still able to answer a plain question which seemed more than Representative Dolliver could do.

POUNDED AWAY AT HIS MAN.

The scene that followed was more like an uproar of approval in a great national convention. The Democratic members did not throw up their hats, because those articles of apparel were hanging in the cloakroom but they waved their hands, they shouted, and some shrieked. It was three or four minutes before the presiding officer was able to restore order. When quiet came Representative Johnson pounded away at his man, flashed question after question, accused the Iowan of debating the expansion question instead of arguing it, and maintained such a startling versatility in defense and attack that even the accomplished Dolliver, generally able to take care of himself in the most incisive company, was nearly confounded.

Representative Johnson appeared in excellent form although his voice showed the effects of little use. He stood nearly in the center of the Republican side of the House, his tall, slender figure, the well shaped head, abundant gray hair, keen eyes, and sweeping gestures forming a striking picture. As soon as it was noised about that he was speaking, members flocked in from committee rooms, and a large audience quickly gathered. Gen. Henderson, a strict party man, at the outset tried to bowl the Indianian over, but he received such a straight-out retort that he chose to allow the speaker to follow his argument undisturbed. The speech was thoughtful and well balanced from start to finish, and undoubtedly drew out the admiration if not the approval of all his Republican colleagues.

As an oratorical effort and as an array of telling invective, Representative Dolliver's speech deserves hardly less commendation. His language was pungent and abounded in witticisms. His effective references to political incidents convulsed the Republican majority, his excellence in that line being of particular merit.

MR. JOHNSON'S PLAIN TALK.

"While the President of the United States—doubtless under the impression that there is a popular demand for it—is hurrying the vessels of war and the army across the vast expanse of water," Representative Johnson began impressively, "in order to inflict upon an alien people in the Orient a government which they are not willing to receive I propose, so far as my humble ability will permit, certainly from a sincere heart and through fearless lips and without any regard to what may be the consequence upon my personal fortunes, to make here today a plea for liberty, an argument against the perpetration of a wrong.

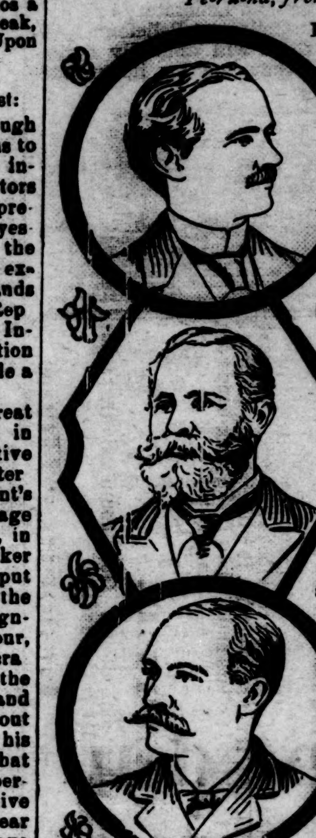
"We are today upon the verge of a crisis in the Phillippine Islands. It is true, as stated in debate the other day by gentlemen who are supporting this measure, that we are confronted there with grave and serious difficulties. What is the remedy which this gentle man whose policy brought us into these difficulties is now proposing in order to extricate us from them? That we shall increase the military establishment of this government, that we shall impose grievous burdens of taxation upon the American people, to the end that we may continue to attempt to realize our wild dreams of acquisition of territory in the other hemisphere. And every man who opposes a policy so foolish and unjust as that is characterized as a Spaniard, and a man who, while paid by the people to do his duty on this floor, stands here in opposition to the best interests of the country.

"What is my answer, sir, to that? It is that by all odds the better alternative is for the Chief Executive of this nation in the White House to break his ominous silence with his lips and assure this alien people that the great government of the United States does not propose to menace them; that there will be no efforts made to interfere with their exercising the inalienable right of self government. And when he will do that, my word for it, strained relations in the Phillippines will cease and those who were but yesterday our allies will return to us again with fraternal greetings. There will be no necessity for maintaining an army there, hence no necessity for providing for an army of 100,000 men here and no necessity of imposing grievous burdens upon an already overtaxed people.

"Does any man dare assert on this floor," continued Mr. Johnson strenuously, "that it is not the policy of this administration to forcibly annex the Phillippines? Answer me, then, what this administration meant when, during the recent tour through the South, the President declared or exclaimed, 'Who will pull down the American flag from the soil on which it has been planted?' What means this hasty disavowal of Senator Foraker in the Senate, that when he said he knew of nobody in this country who expected to interfere with the right of self-government in the Phillippines he spoke only for himself?"

# To Whom It May Concern.

*Strong words of indorsement for Pe-ru-na, and for the manufacturers of Pe-ru-na, from prominent officials of its home city.*



Hon. Samuel L. Black, Mayor of Columbus, O., whose picture adjoins this paragraph, writes the following letter:

EXECUTIVE DEPT., CITY OF COLUMBUS.

*To whom it may concern:*

I can most cheerfully recommend Pe-ru-na as of the very greatest possible benefit in cases of catarrh and other diseases of the mucous membrane. This remedy has established itself in the minds of the people as of the greatest possible worth and genuineness. I have known Dr. Hartman for a number of years, and am pleased to say that he is one of the leading citizens of this city, a man of the very highest standing and character in the community.

Respectfully, SAMUEL L. BLACK.

Col. Arthur L. Hamilton, commanding officer of the Seventeenth Infantry Ohio National Guard, whose residence is at 309 West First Avenue, Columbus, O., bears witness to the efficiency of Pe-ru-na. Here is Colonel Hamilton's letter and picture.

COLUMBUS, O., May 18, 1897.

*Dr. S. B. Hartman.*

DEAR SIR:—Besides having the merits of Pe-ru-na so fully demonstrated in my family, I have a number of friends who have taken it for catarrh and stomach trouble, and all unite in praising it. As a remedy for summer and winter catarrh I can fully recommend it. ARTHUR L. HAMILTON.

From the Hon. Samuel J. Swartz, Police Judge, Columbus, O.

STATE OF OHIO,
SUPREME COURT LAW LIBRARY,
COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 12, 1897.

*Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.*

Gentlemen:—The result of using Pe-ru-na has been so gratifying to me that I cannot but congratulate you on the success of your remedy. Your high standing in the business community, and the worth of the gentlemen conducting this great enterprise, prepared me to expect a meritorious article only, from your establishment, but its real worth is best demonstrated by its use.

Respectfully, SAMUEL J. SWARTZ.

**Notes of Interest.**

The legislature has decided to take charge of the penitentiary and ignore the appointment of Capt. Day as Superintendent. Two persons are prominently mentioned to succeed him, Messrs. Augustus Leazar and B. F. Aycock.

In the United States Senate Wednesday Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, introduced a bill, temporarily creating the office of admiral of the navy. It was referred to the naval affairs committee. The senate bill providing for the erection of a building in Washington for the department of justice at a cost of $1,000,000, was passed.

Mr. S A. Fackler, Editor of the Micanopy (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from LaGrippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. King Bros.

*"MILK WEED CREAM MAKES WINSOME FACES." IT IS MARVELOUSLY GOOD for THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. CALL FOR A FREE SAMPLE AT THE FAYETTEVILLE DRUG STORE.*

**Mr. Bryan in Denver.**

Atlanta Constitution.]

The speech delivered by Hon. W. J. Bryan in Denver contains the keynote of true democracy.

Ever since the campaign of 1896 the republican press, as well as that part of the democratic press controlled by the money power, has been industriously looking for new issues which they hope would displace those which came so near unhorsing them under the leadership of the Nebraskan statesman. The strength of the democratic cause could not have been better shown than by the fear which its enemies within and without disclose at the possibility of meeting it again in the next presidential campaign. Apparently playing into the hands of these people came the declaration of war and the various questions which are growing out of its settlement. Between the anxiety to create a new issue and the continued iteration of the declaration that silver is dead, the republican party and its allies have been between the devil and the deep sea. The issue will not down, notwithstanding all their efforts to close it out from the sight of the people.

It is with reference to this phase of the question that Mr. Bryan spoke in Denver. In that speech he declared that the silver issue retains all its vitality for the reason that "the cause lives, because it embodies the hopes, the aspirations and the belief of our people. * * * People eat because they need it, not because food has to be consumed."

This homely illustration is but intended to convey the idea that the democratic party is the party of the people's necessities. It takes up the cause in which the welfare of the people is involved, and carries it through to success. It matters not what the name of that cause may be from era to era, but once taken up it remains the shibboleth, until all opposition vanishes. It is the democracy of 1896 which now challenges the government of this country. It is that democracy which will fight for the supremacy, no matter whether the battle be long or short, and it is that democracy which the republicanism of the country may expect to find in the field whenever the opportunity offers.

**Aguinaldo Can Declare War.**

By cable to the Observer.]

Hong Kong, January 26, 1899. The Filipino Congress at Malalos passed a resolution of confidence in Aguinaldo this morning, empowering him to declare war at any time and for any purpose. Strict martial law prevails in Manila.

**Mr. Garland Dies Suddenly.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, January 26.—Ex-Attorney General Garland was stricken with apoplexy in the Supreme Court room to-day. He died in his office a few minutes afterwards. He was a member of Cleveland's cabinet.

**A Mexican Volcano.**

By telegraph to the Observer:

City Mexico, Jan 26th.—A Colima despatch says that the volcano of that name is in full activity. A discharge of smoke followed by lava, occurred immediately after the earthquake yesterday. The sight is imposing and the Indians are leaving the neighborhood. There were no further casualities.

**Robbers Return $200,000.**

By cable to the Observer.

London, Jan 26th.—The robbery of $400,000 from Parrs Bank Monday took a dramatic turn to day when the Chairman of the Bank announced at a meeting of stockholders that $200,000 of the largest notes had been returned by post. American thieves are suspected as it stated that several Americans were noticed loitering recently about the premises.

**Met Death on Way to Gold Fields.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Edgmondton, N. W. T. January 25.—Word has been received from Laird's River, dated August 26th, that John Mason, leader of a large Philadelphia party, bound for the gold fields, was accidently drowned in Nelson river, three miles above the mouth of bay. Twenty-four Philadelphians with party were rafting horses and outfits down the river. Mason's raft struck a sandbar, and the horses were unloaded. Mason stayed with them on the bar while the raft drifted down to make landing. Later the men on the raft heard Mason shout that he was in water driving the horses ashore. His hat was found half a mile below. The body has not been recovered.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. King Bros.

**Beauty Is Blood Deep.**
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

# Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

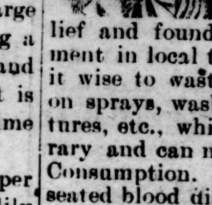
**A Forerunner of the Most Fatal Disease.**

Though its offensive features are sometimes almost unbearable, few people are aware of the danger of which Catarrh is the forerunner. Catarrh invariably leads to Consumption. Growing worse and worse each winter, those who rely upon the usual treatment of sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures find that it is impossible to check the disease with these local applications which only reach the surface. The offensive discharge increases all the while, causing a feeling of personal defilement, and gets deeper and deeper until it is only a question of a short time until the lungs are affected.

The importance of the proper treatment can therefore be readily appreciated. But no good whatever can be expected from local applications, as such treatment never did cure Catarrh, and never will.

"I had such a severe case of Catarrh that I lost my hearing in one ear, and part of the bone in my nose sloughed off. I was constantly treated with sprays and washes, but each winter the disease seemed to have a firmer hold on me. I had finally been declared incurable when I decided to try S. S. S. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease, and cured me permanently, for I have had no touch of Catarrh for seven years.

"MRS. JOSEPHINE POLHILL,
"Due West, S. C."



Those who have had the first touch of Catarrh will save endless suffering by taking the right remedy at the outset. Others who have for years sought relief and found only disappointment in local treatment will find it wise to waste no further time on sprays, washes, inhaling mixtures, etc., which are only temporary and can not save them from Consumption. Catarrh is a deep-seated blood disease. S. S. S. is the only remedy which can reach the very bottom of the disease and cure it permanently.

Books sent free by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

**COLLIER'S WEEKLY**
**January 28, 1899.**

The table of contents of COLLIER'S WEEKLY for January 28 contains some exceedingly important features.

"JANICE MEREDITH" — Paul Leicester Ford's new and powerful serial, entitled "Janice Meredith; a Story of the Revolution," begins in this number. It is profusely illustrated under the direction of Howard Pyle.

SENATORS ON THE TREATY — Strong statements concerning the Treaty now under discussion in the United States Senate from Senators Davis, Gray, Frye, Lodge, Foraker, Morgan, Daniel, et al, illustrated by portraits, together with an authorized statement from the Administration, are given.

REMINGTON PICTURE — "$5,000 Reward!" a dramatic incident of Western life, pictured by Frederic Remington, appears as the first of a series of Twelve Great Paintings by famous artists, the rest of which will appear during the year 1899.

MANY FEATURES — Special correspondence and pictures from Cuba, with the London Letter, the Opera, the Drama, Literature, and Sports complete this specially striking number.

**THE VERY FINEST.**
**The ne plus ultra.**
**The creme de la creme.**
THAT'S
**HARPER WHISKY**
IN THREE LANGUAGES.
☞ Sold in Fayetteville, N. C.

**FARMERS' WIVES**
or any other ladies who wish to work
**Can Earn Lots of Money**
working for us in spare time at home on our cloths. We offer you a good chance to make plenty of spending money easily, in leisure hours. Send 12c. for cloth and full directions for work, and commence at once. Cloth sent anywhere. Address
WINOOSKET CO., (25-N. C.,) Boston, Mass., Mfg. Dept,
Dec. 15, 1898—w1y.

**NEWS and OPINIONS**
OF
**National Importance**
**THE SUN**
ALONE
CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a Year

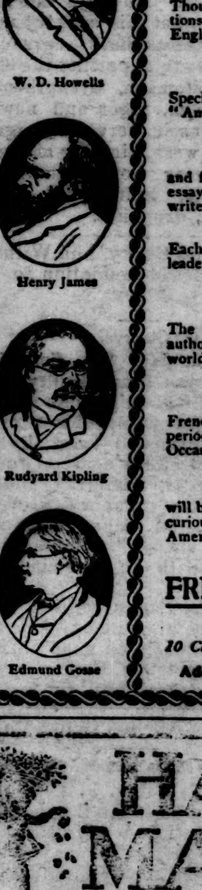
**The Sunday Sun**
is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

**No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.**
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

# LITERATURE



is an international weekly journal of literary criticism. It is a comparatively new periodical, which has been recognized from its first number as a review of the highest standing.

**CRITICAL REVIEWS**

Thoughtful, thorough, and comprehensive reviews of all important publications in the civilized world. French, German, Italian, Spanish, as well as English and American works, are treated from week to week.

**BELLES-LETTRES**

Special articles appear weekly in the paper, sometimes under the title of "Among My Books," written by such well-known authors and critics as
EDMUND GOSSE — MAX MÜLLER
SIR HERBERT MAXWELL — DEAN STUBBS
and from time to time original pieces of literary work, poems, fiction, and essays are published, but in each case only from the pens of world-famous writers, such as
RUDYARD KIPLING — GEORGE MEREDITH

Each week a leading article in the nature of an editorial appears. These leaders are prepared by the editor, and deal exclusively with literary subjects.

**AMERICAN LETTERS**

The Bi-weekly letter, written by **William Dean Howells**, deals in that author's original and keen way with subjects of vital interest in the American world of letters and art.

**FOREIGN LETTERS**

French, English, German, and Italian letters will be published, making this periodical of great value to readers interested in the growth of literature. Occasional work by **Henry James**, and men of like ability, will also appear.

**SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTS**

will be published, devoted to descriptive articles on such subjects as rare and curious books, book-plates, special editions of famous books, noteworthy American editions, etc.

**A PREMIUM OFFER**

FREE A full set of LITERATURE'S famous portrait supplements of distinguished men of letters (30 in all) for one year's subscription.

**Trial Subscription, 4 Weeks, 25 Cts.**

*10 Cents a Copy* — *Subscription, $4 00 a Year*

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers, New York, N. Y.

W. D. Howells — Henry James — Rudyard Kipling — Edmund Gosse

# HARPER'S MAGAZINE

will be of more than usual interest during 1899. Besides a series of articles on noteworthy subjects, it will contain a comprehensive political and narrative

HISTORY OF THE
**SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR**
By
HENRY CABOT LODGE, U. S. SENATOR
who is eminently fitted for the task, not alone because of his ability as a writer of American history, but for the position he has held in our government.

There will also appear such articles as
**Admiral Sampson's Fleet** — By Lieut. A. R. STAUNTON, U.S.N.
**Battle of Manila Bay** — By Lieut. J. M. ELLICOTT, U.S.N.

**THEIR SILVER-WEDDING JOURNEY**
By William Dean Howells
A serial story—to appear—containing all that characteristic charm that has endeared Mr. Howells to the reading public.

**The Princess Xenia** — By H. B. M. WATSON — A serial story full of adventure and strong situation.
**Spanish War Story** — By JOHN FOX, JR. — A serial story the scenes of which are laid during our recent war.

**SHORT STORIES**
UNDER AN APRIL SKY — By Brander Matthews
GHOSTS OF JERUSALEM — By "Nym Crinkle"
THE RENTED HOUSE — By Octave Thanet
WAY OF THE CROSS — By Stephen Bonsal
THE LOVE OF PARSON LORD — By Mary E. Wilkins
THE CUCKOO CLOCK — By Ellen Douglas Deland

**THE CENTURY'S PROGRESS IN SCIENCE**
By Henry Smith Williams, M.D.
These papers will thoroughly review the work accomplished by scientists throughout the nineteenth century. Other series of papers to appear are:
**White Man's Asia** — By POULTNEY BIGELOW
**Republics of South America** — By JULIAN RALPH

*35 Cents a Copy* — *Subscription, $4 00 a Year*

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers, New York, N. Y.

W. D Howells — John Fox, Jr. — H. S. Williams

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

**CASTORIA**
**For Infants and Children.**
**The Kind You Have Always Bought**
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

**NOTICE TO ALL CREDITORS OF THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.**

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON—IN EQUITY.

THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY vs. THE CAPE FEAR AND YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY et al.
CONSOLIDATED CAUSE.

The undersigned Special Master, by an order entered in the above entitled consolidated cause, dated the 24th day of December 1898 has been directed to investigate all claims and demands against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or John Gill, the Receiver thereof, and report the same to said Court.

Therefore all persons, firms and corporations having or claiming to have any demand or claim against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or John Gill, Receiver thereof, (except the holders of bonds secured by recorded mortgages on said property, or some part thereof, and except those who were required by the order passed in this cause on the 10th day of December, 1894, to make proof of their claims in this Court on or before the first day of February, 1895) are hereby notified and required to file their respective claims in writing and under oath with the undersigned Special Master, at his office, in the office of the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court at Wilmington, North Carolina, on or before the TENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1899, "to the end that the character, validity, amount and priorities upon the corporate property or income thereof of each such debt, claim or demand, may be determined upon and reported on by said Special Master unto the Court."

The Court further decrees in said order "that should any person, firm or corporation, holding any claim or demand against the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company, or against John Gill, the Receiver thereof, which said claim or demand by this order, is required to be filed with said Special Master, fail or neglect to file such claim or demand as in this order provided, on or before said TENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1899, then, and in that event, every such creditor or claimant, (unless for good cause shown to the Court the time for such filing be extended) shall be forever barred and precluded from asserting any claim, lien or right of payment against the corporate property of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company in the custody of the Court or of the Receiver, and shall not be included in any distribution of the proceeds of the sale of said property or any part thereof, or in the distribution of the income of such property."

Wilmington, N. C., January 4th, 1899.
E. S. MARTIN, Special Master.
Jan. 6, 13,20,27, Feb. 3.

**Auction Sale of Accounts and Machinery.**

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, made by Judge Bynum at Chambers on December 30th, 1898, I will expose to sale, at public auction to the highest bidder, all accounts owed to Manchester Cotton Mills, and at time unsatisfied, which accounts are against numerous persons and in different amounts. All persons indebted to said Manchester Cotton Mills will avoid having the accounts against them sold at auction by making payment between now and the date of sale. All accounts against said corporation must be verified and filed with me on or before February 6th, 1899.

At the same time and place I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, two slubbers, which are now located at Manchester Factory, where they can be seen.

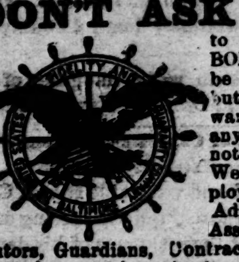
Place of sale: Court House door in Fayetteville.
Time of sale: Monday, February 6th, 1899.
Terms cash. J. S HUNTER, Receiver.
N A. Sinclair,
H. McD. Robinson,
January 6, 1899 ts Attorneys.

**Fayetteville Insurance Agents.**

**THE ÆTNA**
**Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.**

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property
S R. HUSKE, Agent

**DON'T ASK HIM**



to go on your BOND. He may be your friend, but he does not want to go on any man's bond, not even yours. We bond Employes, Officials, Administrators, Assignees, Executors, Guardians, Contractors and all other classes at lowest rates. Full information and application blanks supplied on request.

NIMOCKS & COOK, Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

**ARE YOU THINKING**
of insuring your DWELLING, FURNITURE, STORE, STOCK, PLANING MILL, COTTON or NAVAL STORES on storage; property of any kind? Quit thinking and take out a policy, quick "To-morrow" may be too late. We write in town and country, and in near by towns, at lowest tariff rates. We keep your policy in force; don't allow it to lapse unless requested.

Only the best Companies represented. Fire, Accident Life, Marine; all kinds. Blank applications sent on request.

NIMOCKS & COOK, Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

**Fence Tax Notice**

The Fence Tax for Cross Creek, Carver's Creek, Seventy-first, Pearce's Mill, Gray's Creek, Flea Hill, Cedar Creek and Flea Hill, for 1898, is now past due. The inhabitants of these townships are required to call and settled between now and 15th of February, after which I shall make levy.

McD GEDDIE, Ex-Sheriff.
Jan'y 21-d2twtd.

**"History of the Spanish-American War," by Henry Watterson.**

The above is the title of a superbly illustrated, richly bound volume by THE WERNER COMPANY, Akron, Ohio. Of course, anything written by Henry Watterson would be readable. He is fitted by training and experience to write a history of this war, which has brought world-wide renown and glory to our arms. Every line of the book breathes an enthusiastic spirit of patriotism that is exhilarating and inspiring.

The work contains over 650 pages, a large number of full-page half-tones, together with many rich double-page illustrations in ten colors. It is sold by subscriptions, and will undoubtedly prove a money-maker to every intelligent salesman.

Subscriptions taken at the Observer Office.

**Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.**

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by J. B. Deal and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County in Book P, No. 4, page 400, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz:

Two (2) houses and lots on the west side of North street or the road in continuation of said street, near the Northern limit of Fayetteville, known as the Jane Deal Lots.

Place of sale. Court House in Fayetteville, N. C.
Time of sale: 12 o'clock, Monday, February 6th 1899.
Terms of sale: Cash.
N. W RAY, Mortgagee.

NORTH CAROLINA,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In the Superior Court—Before the Clerk
S. P. Denning, for himself and in behalf of all other Creditors of D. A. C. Denning, deceased
Versus
C. C. McClellan, Administrator of D. A. C. Denning, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased, D. A. C. Denning, to appear before me on or before February the 6, 1899, the return day of the summons herein, and file the evidences of their claims. A. A. McKETHAN, C. S. C., Cumberland County.
December 28, 1898.—[oaw-6t

**Administratrix Notice.**

Having qualified as administratrix upon the estate of A J. Davis, deceased, this is to give notice to all creditors to present their claims to me on or before December 8th, 1899, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to said estate will please settle.

ANN DAVIS,
Adm'r of A. J. Davis.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Attorney.

**Administrator's Notice.**

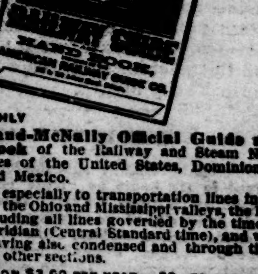
Having qualified as Administrator upon the estate of Mrs. Mary F. Cook, deceased, this is to give notice to all creditors to present their clams to me on or before December 12th, 1899, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to said estate will please settle.

A. J. COOK,
Adm'r Mrs. M. F. Cook.

**Skin Diseases.**

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by



25 CENTS
ISSUED MONTHLY
**The Rand-McNally Official Guide and Hand Book** of the Railway and Steam Navigation Lines of the United States, Dominion of Canada, and Mexico.

Devoted especially to transportation lines in the territory of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, the lake region, including all lines governed by the time of the 90th meridian (Central Standard time), and west thereof; having also condensed and through time-tables to all other sections.

SUBSCRIPTION $3 00 PER YEAR. 25 CTS PER COPY.
THE AMERICAN RAILWAY GUIDE CO.,
Publishers and Proprietors,
[illegible] Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

**TABLE CUTLERY,**
**Pocket Knives and Scissors,**
Of good quality of steel at
**WATSON'S**
**HARDWARE HOUSE.**

**OLD NEWSPAPERS,**
suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale cheap at the OBSERVER OFFICE.

**PATENTS**

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

**C. A. SNOW & CO.**
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

**Clyde Steamship Co**
**New York, Wilmington, N. C.**
—AND—
**Georgetown, S. C., Lines.**

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday January 21st
ONEIDA..............Saturday, January 28th

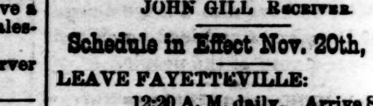
WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK
ONEIDA..............Saturday, January 21st
GEO. W. CLYDE.......Saturday, January 28th

WILMINGTON, N. C. for GEORGETOWN, S. C.
GEO. W. CLYDE.......Tuesday January 24th
ONEIDA..............Tuesday January 31th

No passenger boats.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager, 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & Co, General Agents.



**C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.**
JOHN GILL RECEIVER.
**Schedule in Effect Nov. 20th, 1898.**

LEAVE FAYETTEVILLE:
12:20 A. M. daily. Arrive Sanford 1:43 P M; Greensboro 4:15 P. M. Walnut Cove 5:44 P. M.; Mt. Airy 7.35 P. M.
4 02 P. M. daily. Arrive Roseboro 4:52 P. M.; Wilmington 7:05 P. M.
4:33 P. M. daily. Arrive Red Springs 5:35 P. M.; Maxton 6:09 P. M.; Bennettsville 7:15 P. M.

ARRIVE FAYETTEVILLE:
12 M daily from Wilmington and Roseboro.
3:52 P. M daily from Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Sanford and all points North and South.
10:40 A. M. daily from Bennettsville, Maxton and Red Springs.

Local Freight Trains Nos. 7 and 8 with coach attached between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent

**Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road**
AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

| | No 23, Daily. | No 35, Daily. | No 103, D'ly ex Sunday. | No 41, Daily. | No 49, Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |
| Leave Weldon | 12 00 | 9 43 | | | |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 1 11 | 10 36 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 38 | | 6 00 | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 1 15 | 10 36 | 8 45 | 5 40 | 1 10 |
| Leave Wilson | 2 15 | 11 16 | 7 19 | 6 22 | 2 |
| Leave Selma | 3 15 | | | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 4 30 | 1 07 | | | |
| Ar Florence | 7 35 | 3 15 | | | |
| | P. M. | A. M. | | | |
| Ar Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | 8 00 | | |
| Lv Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | | 7 01 | 3 20 |
| Lv Magnolia | ...... | ...... | | 8 05 | 4 24 |
| Ar Wilmington | ...... | ...... | | 9 30 | 5 50 |
| | | | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

| | No 78, Daily. | No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday. | No 32, Daily. | No 40, Daily. | No 48, Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | | P. M. | | |
| Lv Florence | 9 50 | | 7 50 | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 12 25 | | 9 42 | | |
| Leave Selma | 1 50 | | | | |
| Arrive Wilson | 2 35 | | 11 35 | | |
| | | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. |
| Lv Wilmington | | | | 7 15 | 9 30 |
| Lv Magnolia | | | | 8 55 | 10 |
| Lv Goldsboro | | 5 00 | | 10 10 | 12 05 |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
| Leave Wilson | 2 35 | 5 38 | 12 12 | 11 20 | 12 55 |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 3 29 | 6 15 | 12 49 | 11 57 | 1 37 |
| Ar Tarboro | | 6 45 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 31 | | | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 3 29 | | 12 49 | | |
| Arrive Weldon | 4 33 | | 1 42 | | |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | |

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M, Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8:10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:00 A. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manag'r.